

# **GALVANIZED BRIDGE DECK REINFORCING**

**FINAL REPORT  
FOR  
IOWA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
PROJECT HR-504**

**DECEMBER 1992**

Highway Division



**Iowa Department  
of Transportation**

Final Report  
for  
Iowa Department of Transportation  
Project HR-504

Galvanized Bridge Deck Reinforcing,

by  
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# TECHNICAL REPORT TITLE PAGE

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7. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COOPERATING ORGANIZATIONS Construction Technology Laboratories, Inc. (CTL)	
8. ABSTRACT <p>The deterioration of bridge decks due to steel corrosion is a problem encountered several years ago. This project, using galvanized reinforcement, began over twenty years ago. Since that time, epoxy coated reinforcement has become the specified material used in bridge decks.</p> <p>The decks researched in this project are located on I-35 in Story County. They were constructed in 1967.</p> <p>The results from the testing done on this project show that galvanizing protects steel from corrosion due to deicing salts, resulting in less/no concrete deterioration.</p>	
9. KEY WORDS Galvanized reinforcement, Bridges, Corrosion, Reinforcing steel	10. NO. OF PAGES 59

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction.....	1
Objective.....	1
Project Description.....	1
Materials.....	2
Construction.....	3
Testing.....	3
Discussion of Results.....	4
Summary.....	4
Conclusions.....	4
Acknowledgement.....	5
Appendices	
Appendix A - Steel Placement and Concrete Placement Test Results.....	6
Appendix B - Annual Test Results.....	16
Appendix C - Construction Technology Laboratory.... Results	25

## DISCLAIMER

The contents of this report reflect the views of the author and do not necessarily reflect the official views of the Iowa Department of Transportation. This report does not constitute any standard, specification or regulation.

## INTRODUCTION

The corrosion of untreated reinforcing steel in bridge decks prompted this research over twenty years ago. At that time, untreated black steel was the primary reinforcement used. The corrosion of the untreated steel caused deterioration of the bridge decks. This was due to deicing salts penetrating the surface of the deck to the underlying steel. The steel would then corrode resulting in cracking and spalling of the concrete surrounding the steel in the bridge deck.

In this project galvanized reinforcement was used in part of the deck and compared to the conventional uncoated steel.

There were also some researchers who suggested that there would be adverse chemical reactions between the concrete and the galvanizing.

## OBJECTIVE

The objective of this project was to determine the durability of a bridge deck constructed using galvanized reinforcing steel.

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project is located on I-35 over Long Dick Creek in Story County. There are two structures, one northbound and one southbound. The bridges are dual 193'-0 x 39' pretensioned prestressed concrete bridges with three spans of 64'-1", 64'-10" and 64'-1".

Each deck incorporated both untreated and galvanized steel. The deck of the southbound lane contained both transverse and longitudinal rebar of galvanized steel. The galvanized rebar are located only in the south half of the bridge and only the top layer of steel is galvanized. Galvanized tie wires were used in this section. The deck of the northbound bridge contains galvanized rebar for transverse steel only. These galvanized rebars were placed in the south half of the deck and were placed as the top layer of reinforcing steel. The north half of the deck used all untreated rebar. Uncoated tie wires were used in this deck. The figures in Appendix A show the placement of steel in both bridges. The depth of cover of the concrete over the galvanized steel reinforcement ranged from 2 1/2" to 5" with an average of 3" depth.

#### MATERIALS

In these bridge decks, No. 5, 6 and 7 bars were used. The coating thickness was checked on the galvanized bars before construction. The results are in Table I.

TABLE I

<u>Bar Size No.</u>	<u>Spelter oz./ft.<sup>2</sup></u>
5	4.7
6	5.4
7	2.8

The galvanized coating thickness exceeds 1.2 oz./ft.<sup>2</sup> required by ASTM A-123.

The concrete mix design consisted of a cement factor of 710 lbs./cu.yd. and a water cement ratio of .40 to .41. The entrained air content ranged from 5.2% to 6.2%. NCHRP Report 23 noted that the concrete placement must be carefully supervised since it did represent a potentially large variable. A pictorial diagram of the location of each truck load of concrete was kept to show where it was placed and the slump and air in each location. This diagram is in Appendix A.

### **CONSTRUCTION**

All regular construction field procedures were followed. More loads were tested so the construction of the deck could be documented. Rain occurred during the placement on the south span of the northbound bridge. This was documented in case scaling would eventually occur. No scaling, however, did occur in this section.

### **TESTING**

The Iowa DOT performed electrical potential testing, obtained cores for chloride determination and checked for delaminations every other year. Those results are shown in Appendix B. Construction Technology Laboratories (CTL) completed testing in 1975, 1982 and 1991. They measured electrical potentials and water soluble chloride ion contents of concrete at the depth of embedded steel reinforcement. They also inspected the concrete deterioration, did petrographic examination to determine concrete quality, and metallographic analysis of galvanized coating. These results are in Appendix C.

## DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The results of the tests performed on these bridge decks showed that galvanized reinforcement showed little evidence of corrosion. There was no direct correlation of concrete deterioration related to corrosion of embedded steel reinforcement. It is also possible that any corrosion that did occur could have occurred before or immediately after placement of concrete.

## SUMMARY

Based on some researchers' findings in the past, it is believed that galvanized steel develops sacrificial expansion products resulting in concrete deterioration. This has not proven true in this instance. Recent research has not uncovered any significant long term problems with galvanized reinforcement. Galvanized steel was at a disadvantage at first because both mats had to be galvanized, while with epoxy, only the top layer of steel was required to be coated. Approximately 4 years ago epoxy coated steel was also required on both layers because of transverse cracking which allows deicing salt brine to reach the bottom layer. From this and other studies that have been completed, it appears galvanized reinforcement has proven to be an effective method of preventing corrosion in bridge decks.

## CONCLUSIONS

1. Galvanized reinforcement on this bridge provided satisfactory resistance to corrosion with a 2 1/2" or greater cover.

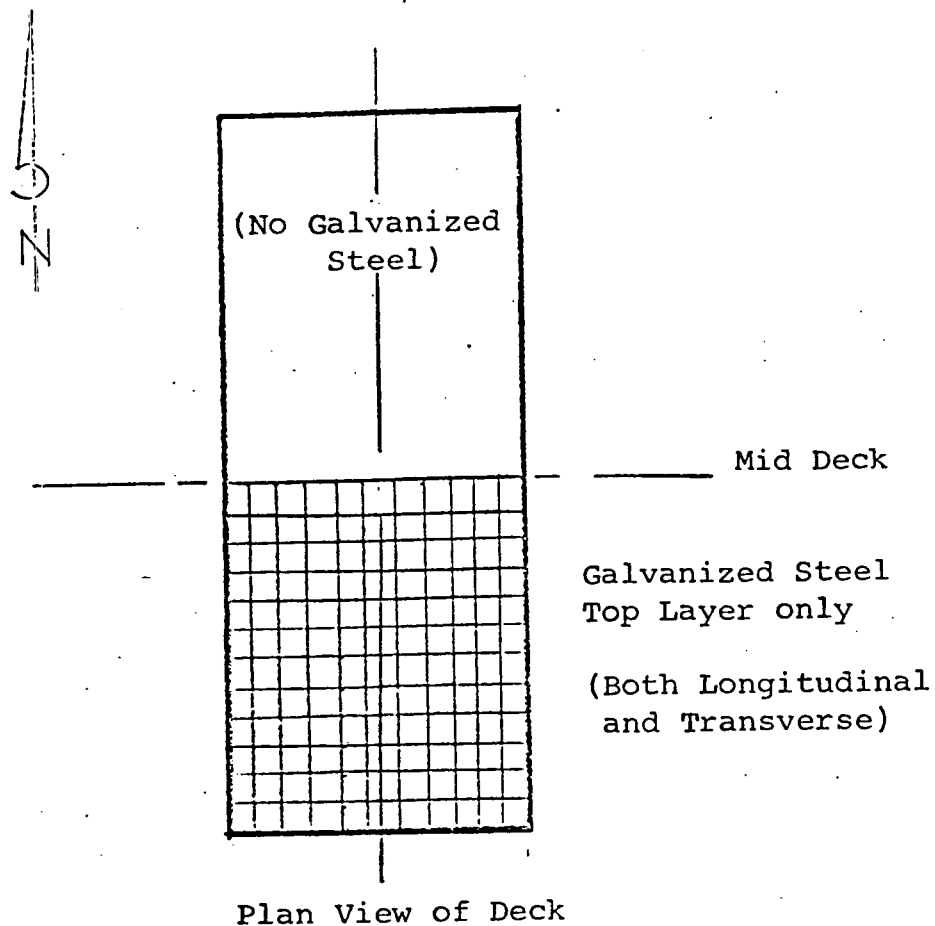


2. The galvanized reinforcement caused no problems on this bridge deck.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

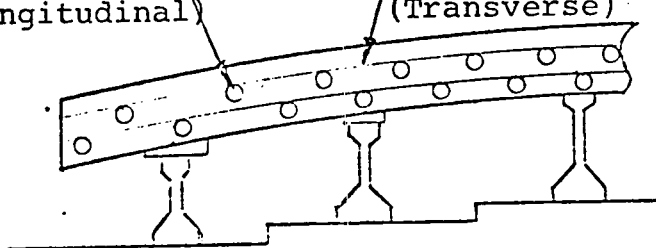
The author wishes to express appreciation to Brian G. Stejskal of Construction Technology Laboratories and Dick Smith who has retired from the Iowa DOT for developing material used in this report.

Appendix A  
Steel Placement and Concrete Placement Test Results



No. 5 Rebars  
(Longitudinal)

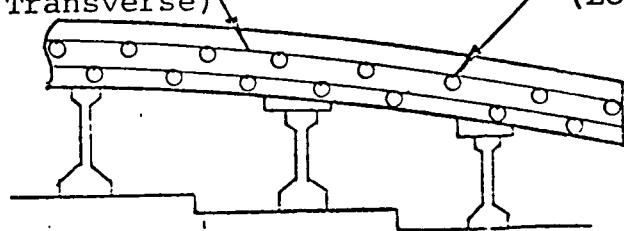
No. 6 Rebars  
(Transverse)



Sketch of typical section  
near abutment

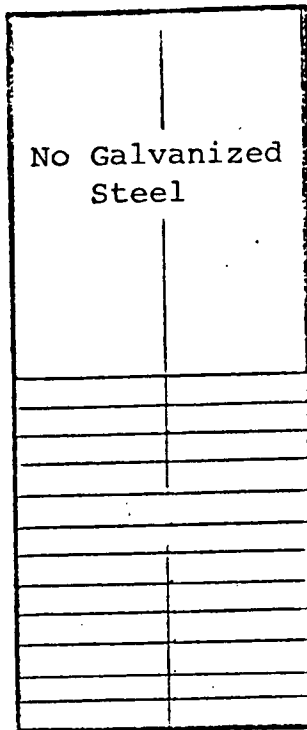
No. 6 Rebars  
(Transverse)

No. 7 Rebars  
(Longitudinal)



Sketch of typical section  
near pier

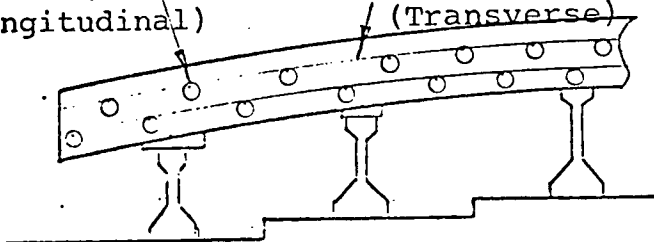
Deck - Southbound Lane  
figure 2



Plan View of Deck

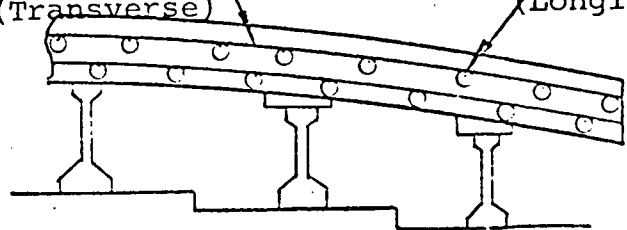
No. 5 Rebars  
(Longitudinal)

No. 6 Rebars  
(Transverse)

Sketch of typical section  
near abutment

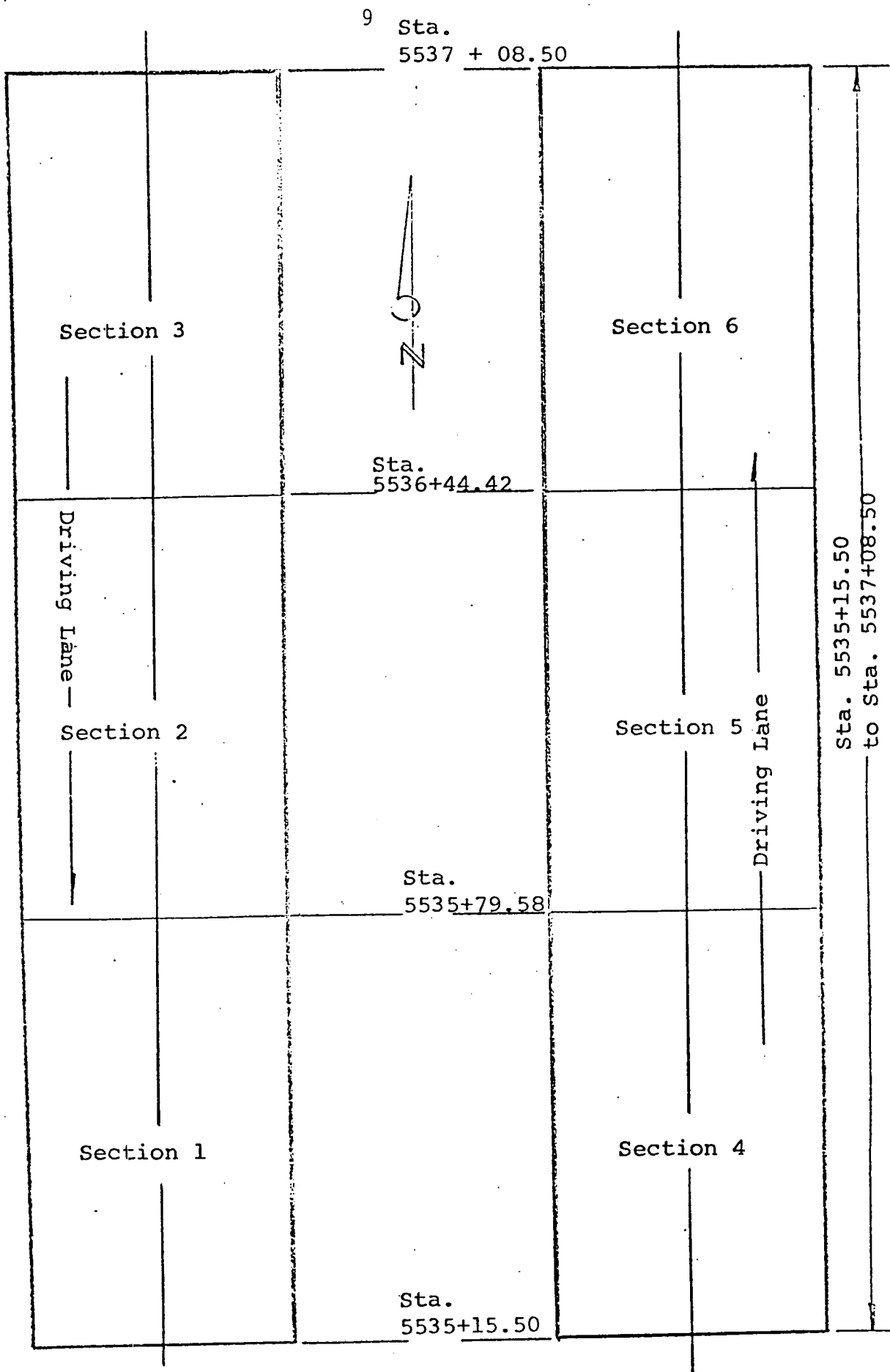
No. 6 Rebars  
(Transverse)

No. 7 Rebars  
(Longitudinal)

Sketch of typical section  
near pier

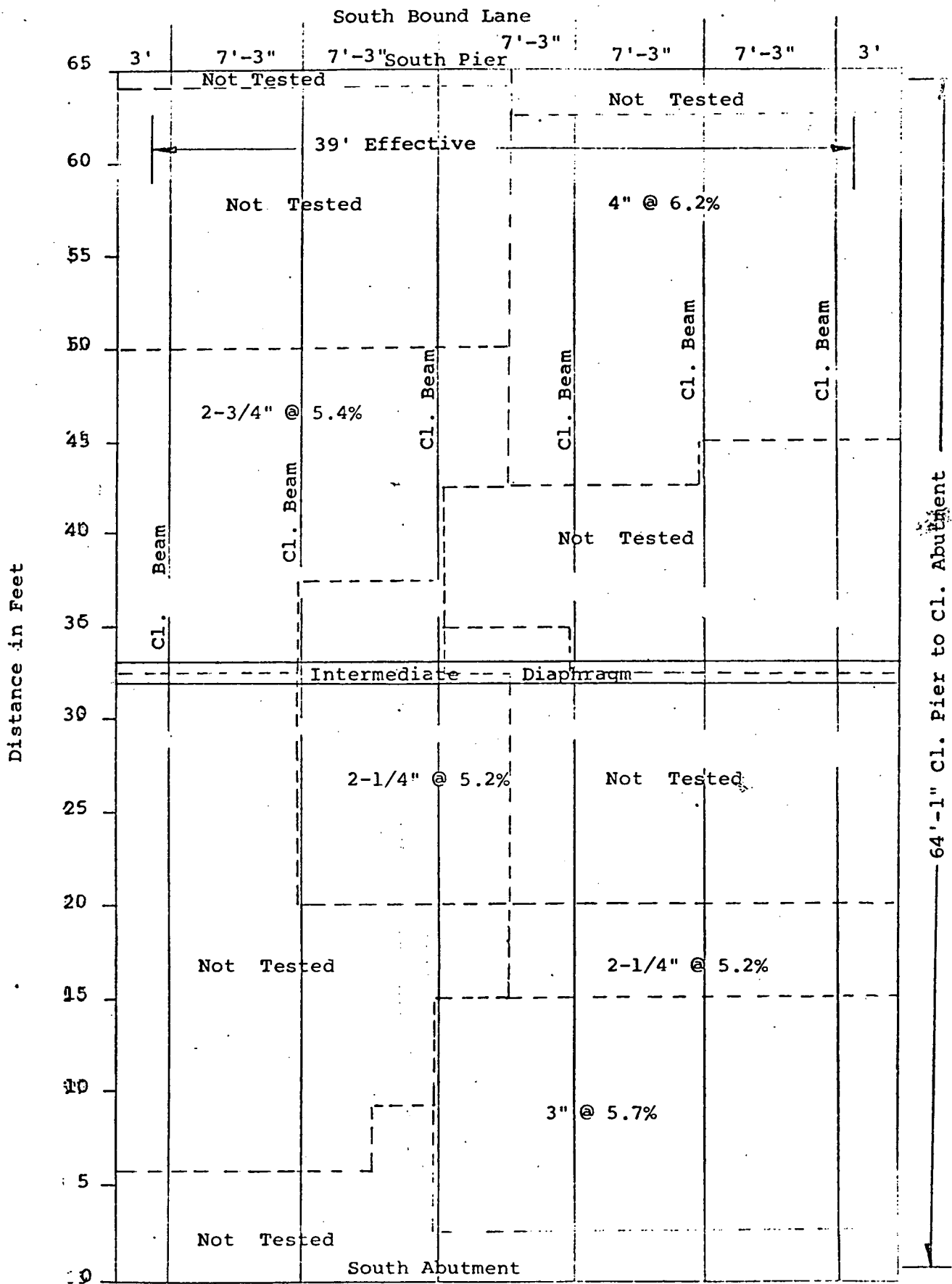
Deck - Northbound Lane

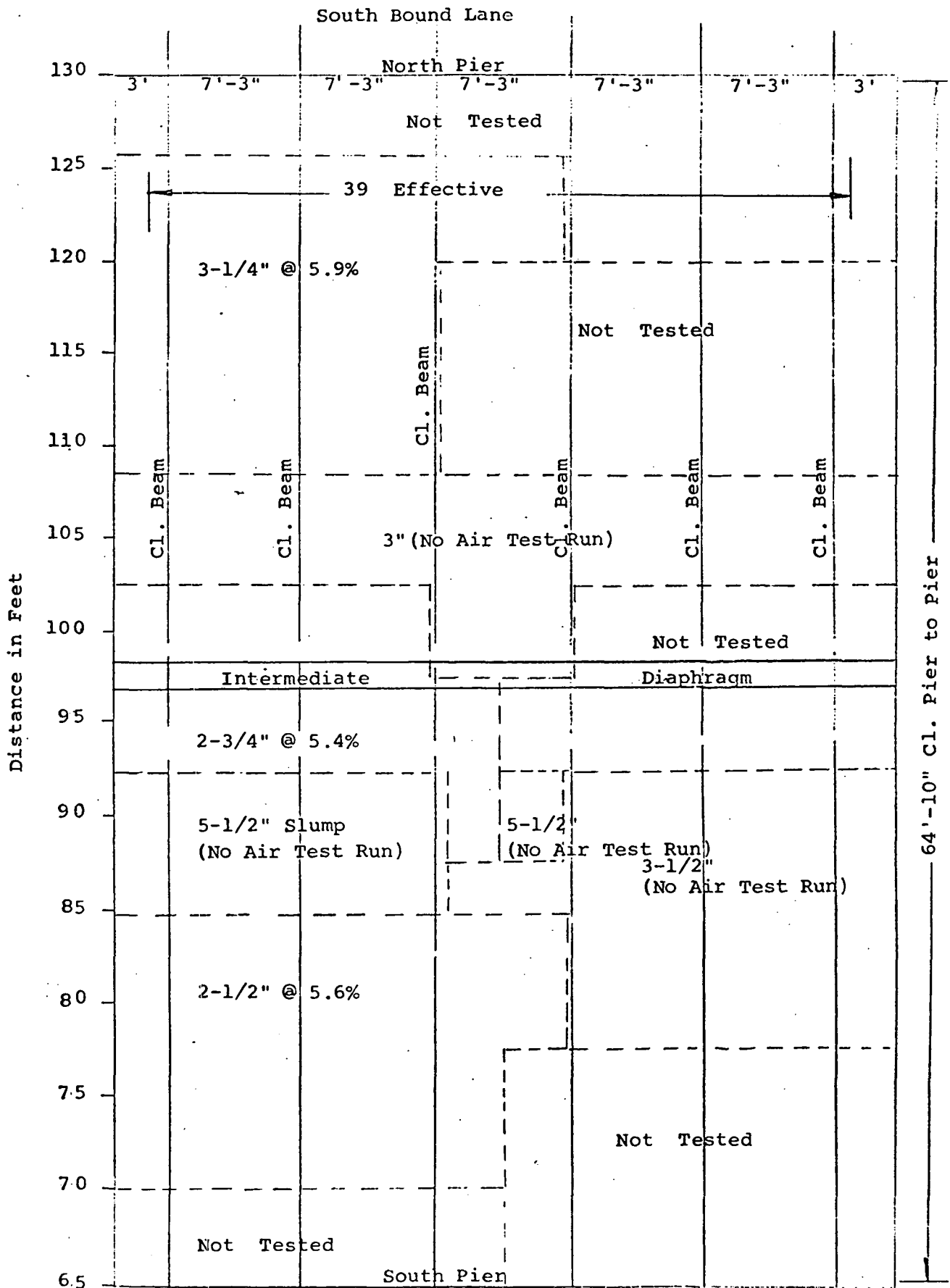
figure 3



Layout of Bridge Deck Sections

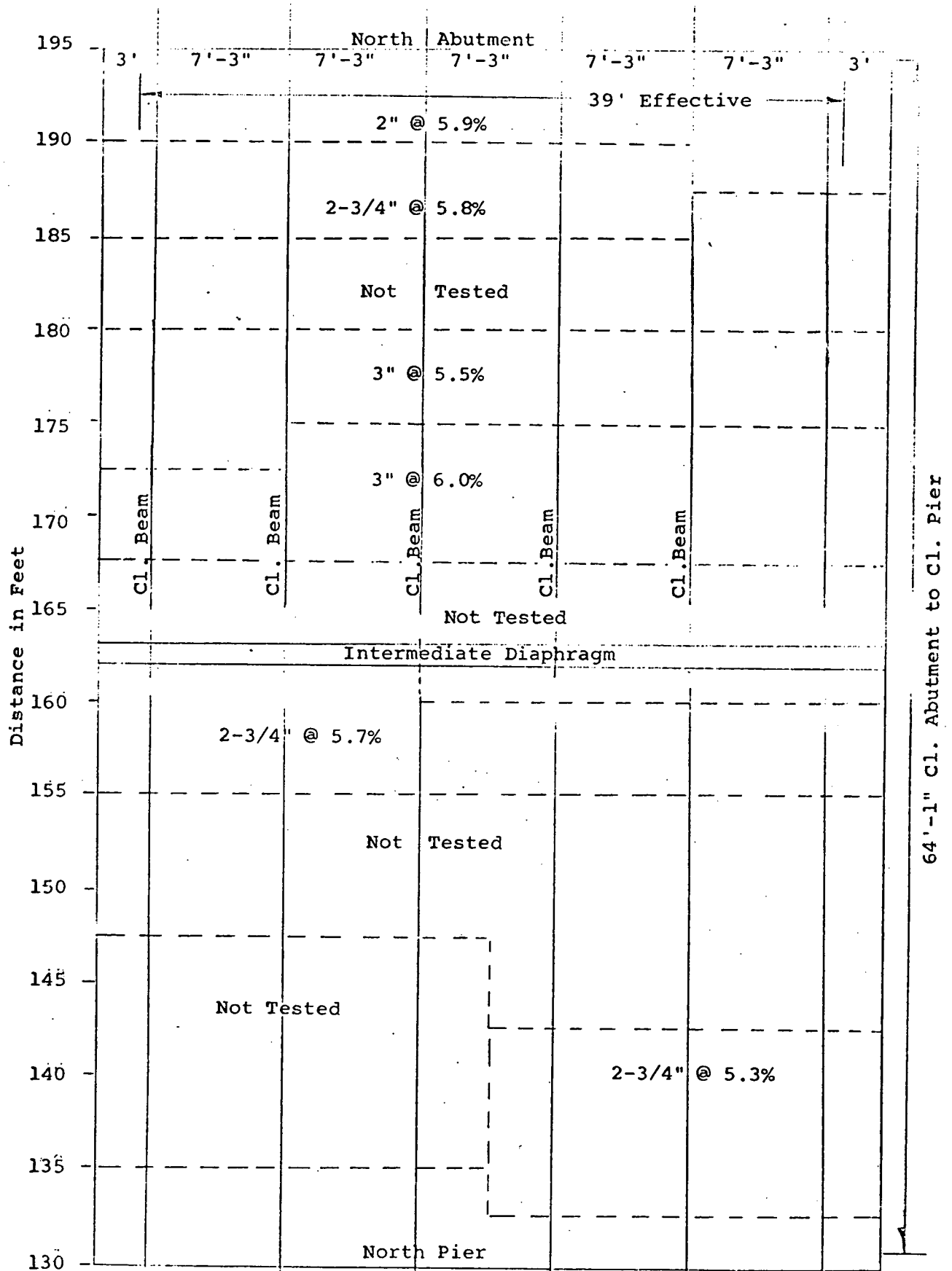
Figure 4





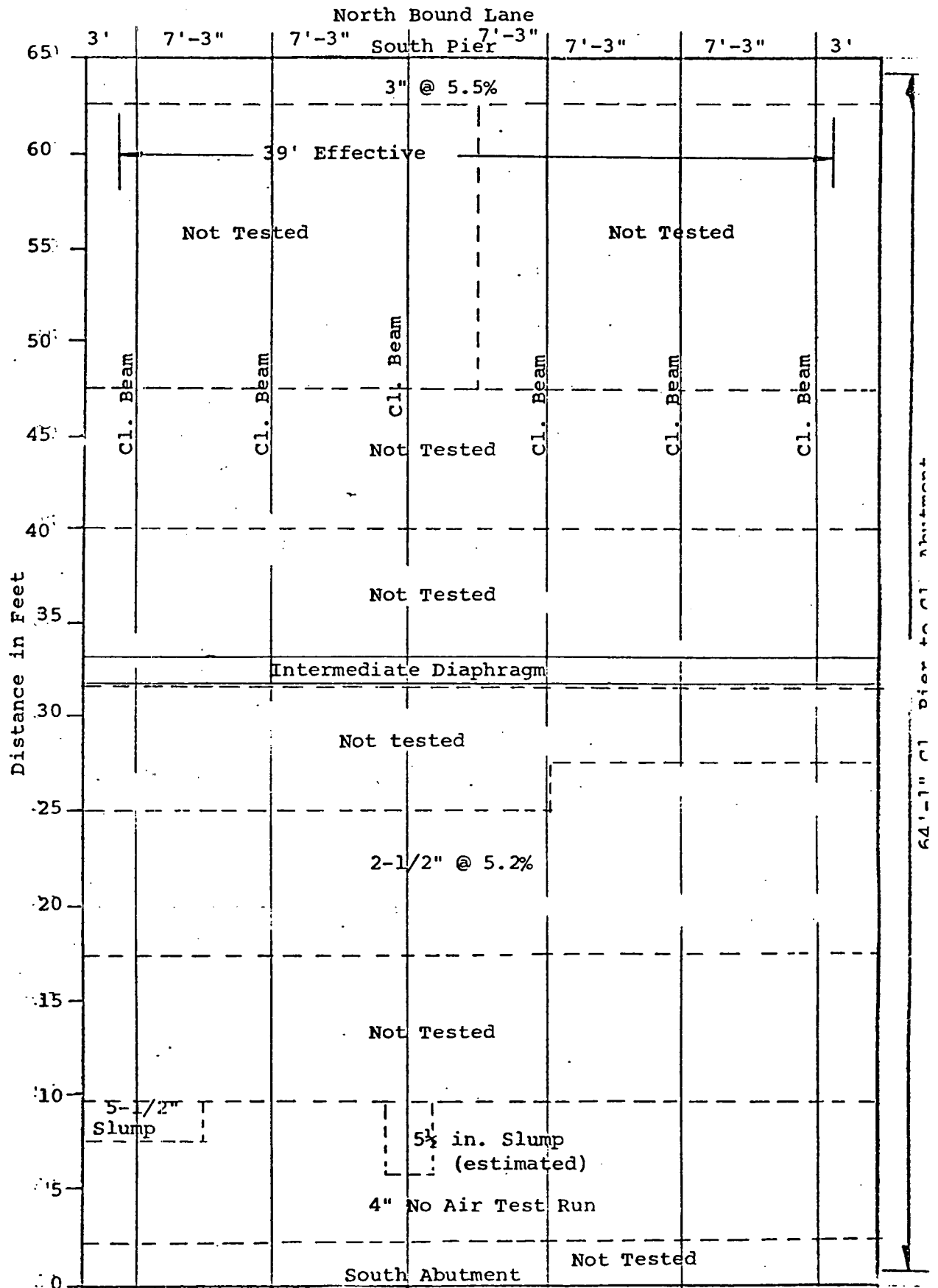
Section 2 Slump &amp; Air Content

## South Bound Lane

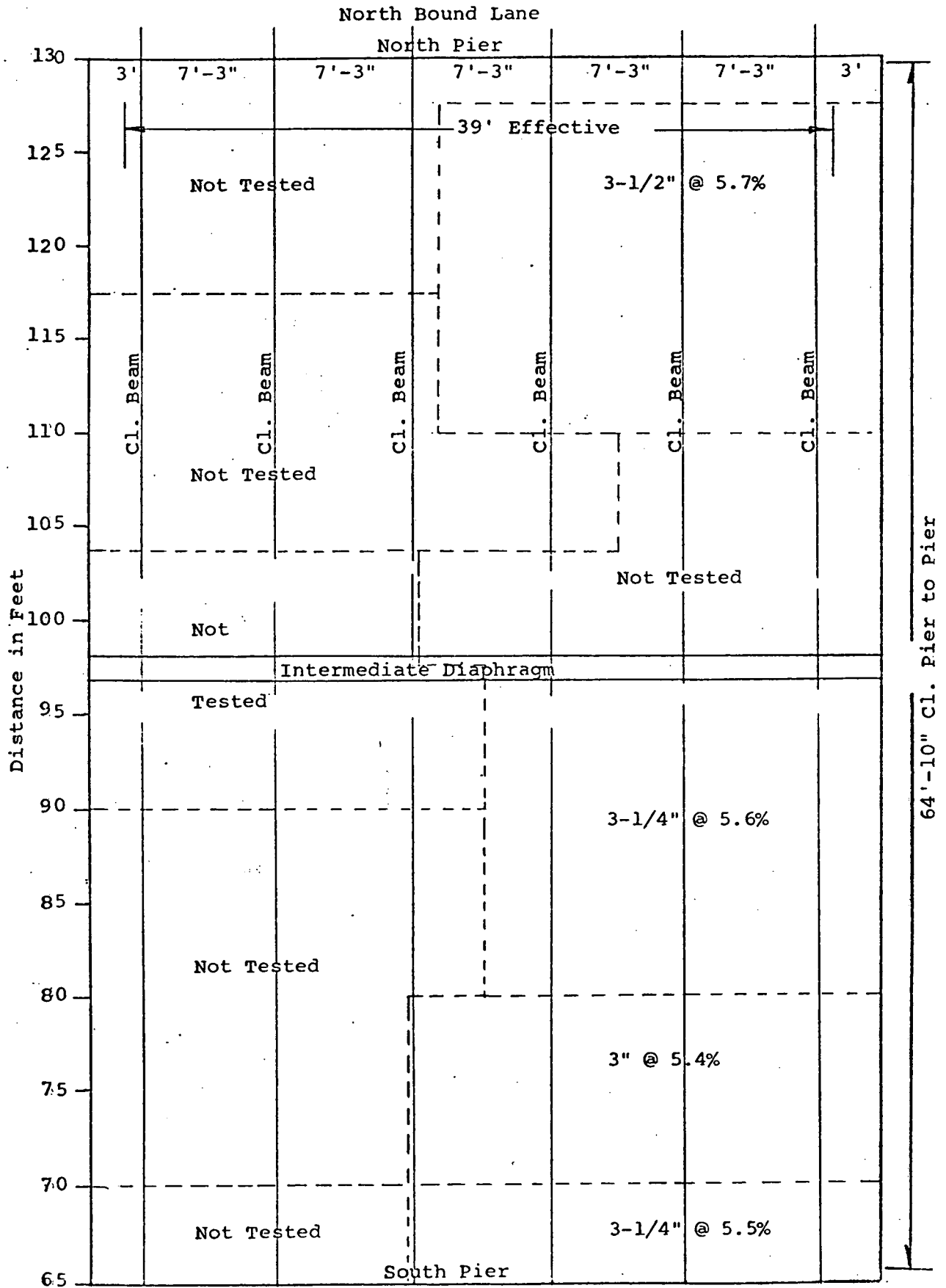


Section 3 - Slump &amp; Air Content

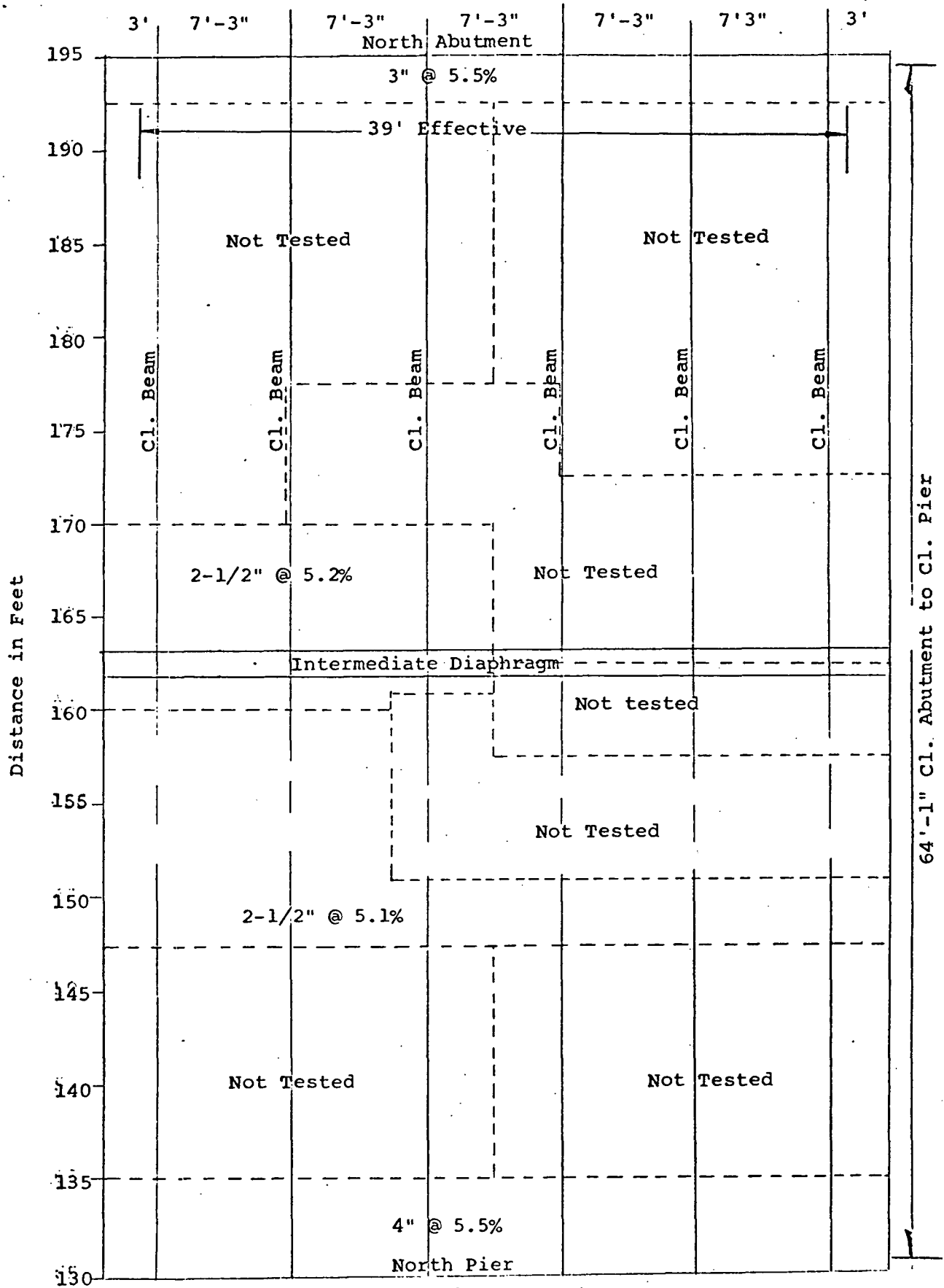




Section 4 - Slump &amp; Air Content



## North Bound Lane



Section 6 - Slump and Air Content

Appendix B  
Annual Test Results

Iowa DOT Project HR-504

IA-66-01

Galvanized Bridge Deck Reinforcing

I-35 Northbound over Long Dick Creek

Delamination - Nil

Curbs badly deteriorated

I-35 Southbound over Long Dick Creek


2 sq. ft. Delaminated in shoulder area

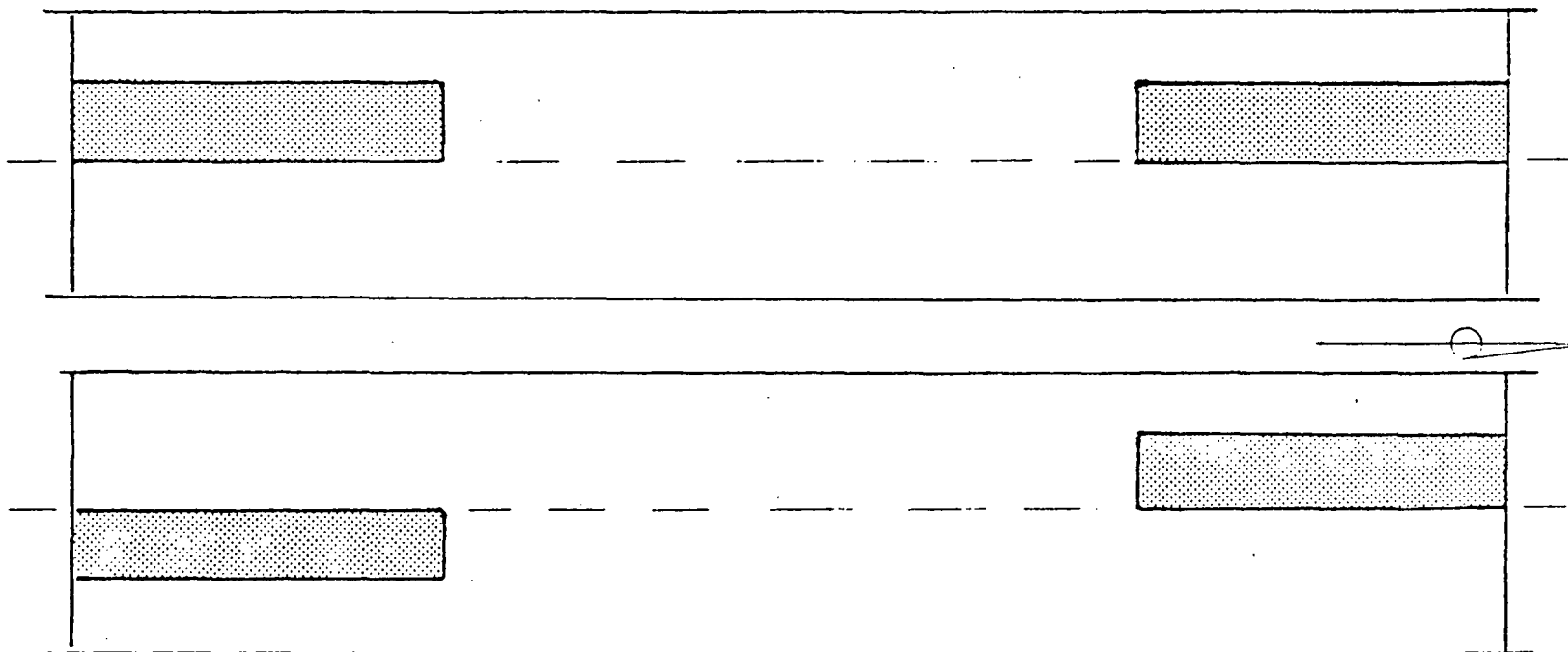
5 sq. ft. Spalled in shoulder area

I-35 over Long Dick Creek  
Story County

193' x 39' Dual Prestressed Concrete Beam Bridge  
Constructed 1967

November 1977-All corrosion readings were less than 0.30 volt

 - Test Section Locations



Bridge: I-35 over Long Dick Creek - Story County

CHLORIDE CONTENT - LBS/CU. YD.

Year	Sample Depth (Inches)				
Sampled	0 - 0.75	0 - 1	0.75- 1.5		1.5 - 2.25
1973					
S bound		3.86	-	-	1.78
		5.10	-	-	3.40
N bound		3.78	-	-	3.21
		3.40	-	-	1.40
1974					
S bound		2.46	-	-	0.96
		3.64	-	-	0.83
N bound		2.03	-	-	0.94
		1.30	-	-	0.88
1975					
S bound		2.1	-	-	0.5
		2.3	-	-	0.5
N bound		3.1	-	-	0.7
		2.4	-	-	0.6
1976					
S bound		5.2	-	-	0.5
		4.8	-	-	0.6
N bound		1.8	-	-	0.4
		8.3	-	-	0.5
1977					
S bound	7.45	-	0.48	-	0.33
	9.22	-	1.01	-	0.55
	9.53	-	2.15	-	0.52
	11.34	-	1.78	-	3.03
N bound	16.75	-	4.69	-	1.03
	5.18	-	1.03	-	0.70
	7.79	-	1.35	-	0.55
1979					
S bound	8.01	-	0.45	-	0.42
	11.00	-	0.87	-	0.45
N bound	8.28	-	1.97	-	0.42
	4.20	-	1.97	-	0.64

Bridge: I-35 over Long Dick Creek - Story County

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CHLORIDE CONTENT - LBS/CU. YD.

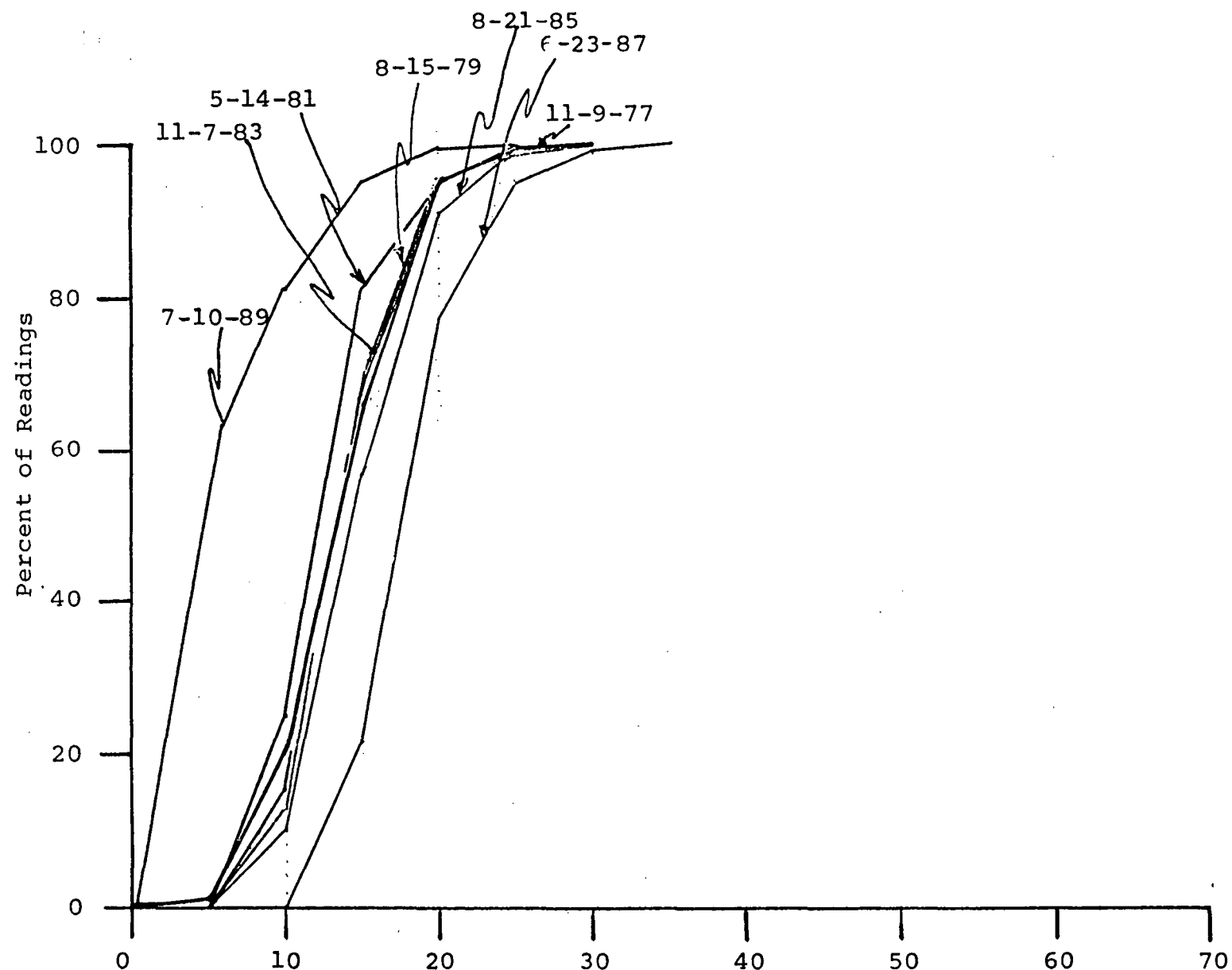
Year Sampled	Sample Depth (Inches)				
	0 - 0.75	0 - 1	0.75-1.5		1.5 - 2.25
1981					
S bound	13.19	-	8.35	-	0.56
	10.28	-	3.63	-	0.68
N bound	5.93	-	0.30	-	0.49
	5.07	-	0.95	-	0.30



Bridge: I-35 Northbound over Long Dick Creek

CHLORIDE CONTENT - LBS/CU. YD.

Year Sampled	Sample Depth (Inches)				
	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1	1 - 1.5	1.5 - 2	2 - 2.5
1983	11.87	4.95	1.13	0.34	0.42
	14.44	4.23	0.60	0.57	0.49
	9.68	2.95	1.40	0.53	0.38
	6.13	1.66	0.45	0.26	0.19
	7.11	1.06	0.38	0.30	0.53
	5.56	1.44	0.53	0.42	0.53
	5.86	0.15	0.30	0.30	0.30
1985	9.03	3.89	1.32	0.76	0.49
	10.09	0.64	2.19	0.71	0.49
	11.26	5.10	1.32	0.30	0.38
	11.23	3.33	0.91	1.78	0.76
	3.21	1.17	0.79	0.42	0.68
	4.23	1.06	0.72	0.68	0.45
1987	8.20	5.52	1.40	0.53	0.53
	4.91	1.66	0.87	0.64	0.45
	10.51	4.57	3.67	1.13	0.87
	5.03	2.15	1.74	1.51	1.51
	5.82	1.70	0.83	0.45	0.45
	4.61	0.49	0.57	0.45	0.57
	6.50	0.95	0.57	0.57	-----
1989	13.08	6.16	3.67	1.40	0.76
	6.54	2.65	1.25	1.13	0.76
	15.76	11.72	8.69	4.80	0.38
	8.69	1.63	0.87	0.87	0.87
	10.47	2.65	1.51	0.87	0.76
	10.96	3.40	1.13	0.64	0.76

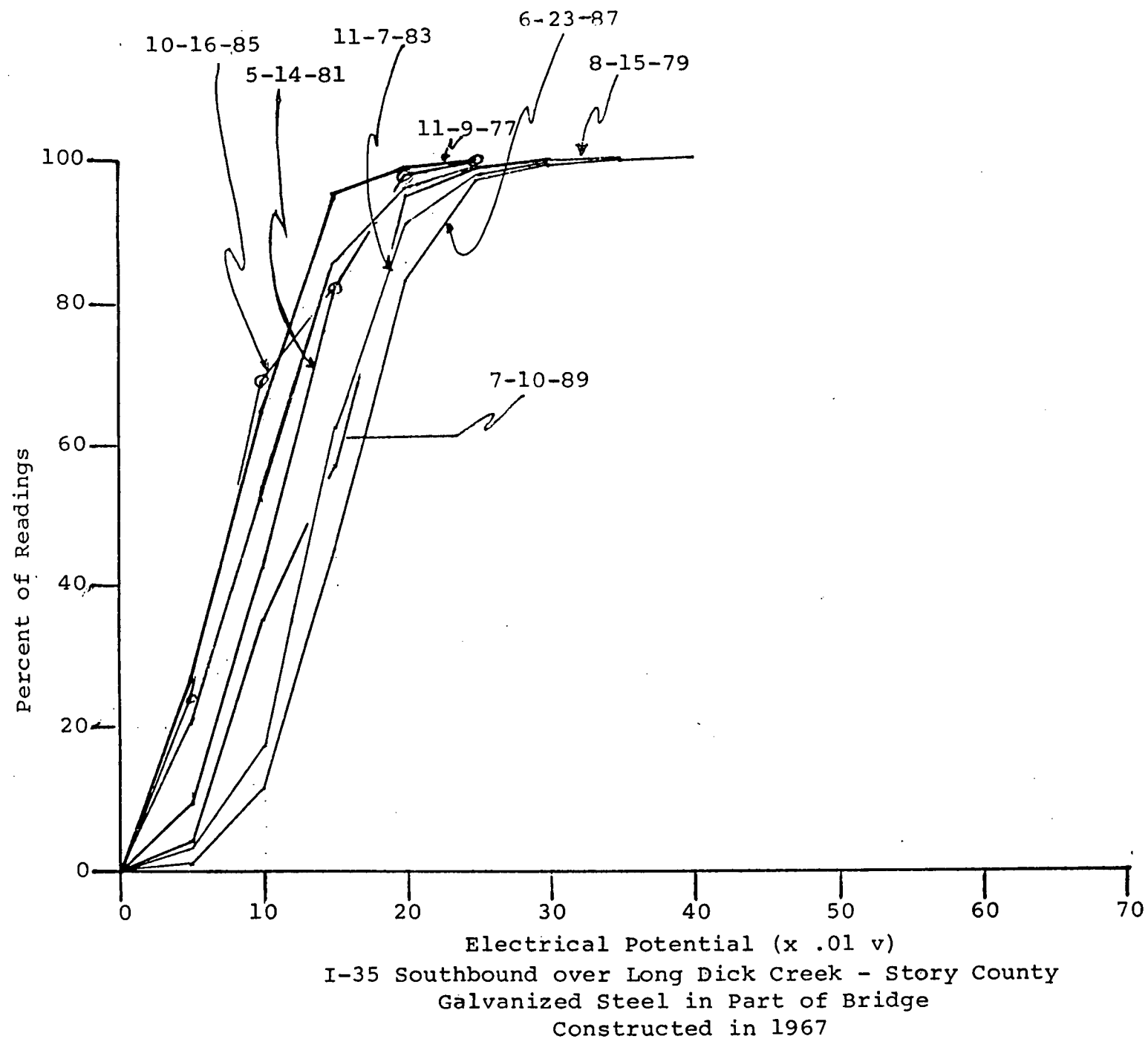


Electrical Potential (x .01 v)  
 I-35 Northbound over Long Dick Creek - Story County  
 Galvanized Steel in Part of Deck  
 Constructed in 1967

Bridge: I-35 Southbound over Long Dick Creek - Story County

CHLORIDE CONTENT - LBS/CU. YD.

Year Sampled	Sample Depth (Inches)				
	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1	1 - 1.5	1.5 - 2	2 - 2.5
1983	13.23	6.54	1.51	0.45	0.76
	7.64	1.59	0.30	0.45	0.64
	14.33	11.60	2.61	0.26	0.26
	12.13	0.76	0.26	0.45	0.45
	13.95	3.36	0.60	0.23	0.30
	12.55	3.67	1.29	0.38	0.60
1985	8.51	2.76	0.68	0.57	0.53
	13.65	1.44	0.83	1.06	0.46
	7.52	2.72	0.83	0.64	0.60
	14.18	7.98	7.98	0.57	----
	26.99	14.82	9.19	2.72	0.64
	11.68	0.64	0.57	0.57	0.30
1987	10.09	3.97	1.02	0.49	0.68
	6.12	1.51	0.64	0.76	0.38
	10.77	0.91	0.23	0.83	0.49
	4.23	0.64	0.45	0.45	0.57
	15.08	3.78	0.45	0.30	0.87
	9.60	5.67	0.95	0.38	0.30
	11.64	1.44	0.83	0.38	0.45
	12.74	1.70	0.49	0.53	0.64



Appendix C  
Construction Technology Laboratory Results

## Section A.2: IOWA STRUCTURE



### AMES BRIDGE:

#### Identification:

Two bridges on I-35 over Long Dick Creek (Story County) located near Ames, Iowa. The dual concrete decks service northbound and southbound traffic and are supported by two piers.

Year of Construction: 1967

Age: 24 years

#### Description:

The subject structure is a dual 3-span bridge which was previously inspected in 1981. All three spans of both decks were included for study. The bridge decks measure approximately 193 x 39 ft each and are composed of prestressed concrete beams spanning 64 to 65 ft. Reinforced concrete decks are constructed with both treated and galvanized steel reinforcing bars, as indicated on the next page.

Detail of Steel Reinforcement:

The north halves of both decks are constructed with untreated steel reinforcement in the longitudinal and transverse direction. The top mat in the south half of the concrete deck servicing southbound traffic contains galvanized longitudinal and transverse steel bars. Galvanized steel reinforcement is secured with galvanized steel wires. The top mat in the south half of the northbound deck contains galvanized transverse steel, and untreated longitudinal steel bars. Standard uncoated tie wires were used in this section of the bridge deck. The bottom steel reinforcing mats in both northbound and southbound decks are constructed with untreated steel bars.

Concrete Mix Design:

Cement Factor:	710 lbs/cu yd (7.55 bags/cu yd).
Water-to-Cement Ratio:	0.40 to 0.41 (4.5 to 4.6 gal/bag)
Air Content:	5.2 to 6.2%

Electrical Potentials:

Electrical potential survey results are presented in Figs. A.2.(a - f). Areas of similar potential are defined by equipotential lines at 100 millivolt intervals. Electrical potential measurements were recorded on a 5 ft. grid pattern.

Surface Defects:

Concrete deterioration in the form of cracking was observed on exposed deck surfaces. Concrete cracking oriented in the transverse direction is shown in Figs. A.2.(g - i). In some instances, cracks occur over embedded steel reinforcement.

Subsurface Delaminations:

Sounding of concrete decks indicated minor subsurface delaminations and small unbonded surfaces at isolated areas.

Chloride Analysis:

Water-soluble chloride content analysis of 12 concrete powder samples removed from the subject decks was performed. Tests were conducted in accordance with ASTM C 144 and analysis performed by potentiometric titration with silver nitrate. Results of tests are summarized in Table A.2.

### Petrographic Examination:

Eight concrete core samples were removed from the concrete decks at locations designated as L-1, L-2, L-4, L-6, L-10, L-11, L13, and L-14. The location and description of core samples taken for study are presented in Table A.2. Petrographic examinations were performed on three of the cores (L-6, L-10, and L-14) to evaluate the condition and quality of concrete in respective deck slabs. Petrographic examinations were performed on the core samples in accordance with ASTM Designation C 856-83. Results of the examinations indicated the following:

Core Designation	Depth of Carbonation (inch)	Estimated Water/Cement Ratio	Air-Entrainment	Air Content
L-6	0.10	0.50 to 0.55	Air-Entrained	4 to 6%
L-10	0.10	0.45 to 0.50	Air-Entrained	3 to 5%
L-14	0.10	0.50 to 0.55	Air-Entrained	4 to 6%

Cores L-10 and L-14 exhibited vertical cracks and corrosion on steel reinforcement (reference Table A.2). In addition, microcracking was observed around chert and dolomitic chert, which are reactive fine aggregates that can cause internal concrete deterioration.

### Metallographic Measurements:

Core L-6: Core sample contained a single reinforcing bar (No. 6) with a galvanized coating which averaged 3.8 mils thick. The coating structure consists of a blocky delta layer and a columnar growth of zeta crystals which are covered with a layer of pure zinc (eta layer). The smooth surface of the coating suggests that the sample has experienced only minimal corrosion attack.

Core L-10: Core sample shows a direct comparison between a coated bar (No. 5) and an uncoated steel bar (No. 6). The slightly ragged surface profile of the galvanized coating indicated that slight attack has taken place, although the coating still averages approximately 4.7 mils thick. The uncoated bar, which has a greater depth of concrete cover than the galvanized bar exhibits red rusting over almost half of its length.



Core L-14: Core sample contained two uncoated reinforcing bars(No. 5 and No. 6). Both of the bars appeared to be in good condition .

The following is a summary of the metallographic examination:

Core Designation	Bar Size	Depth of Concrete Cover (inches)	Galvanized Coating Thickness (mils)
L-6	No. 6	3	3.8
L-10	No. 5	3-1/4	4.7
	No. 6	4-7/8	(Uncoated)
L-14	No. 5	2-1/2	(Uncoated)
	No. 6	3-1/4	(Uncoated)

Table A.2: CONCRETE CORE AND POWDER SAMPLE SUMMARY

## AMES BRIDGE, IOWA

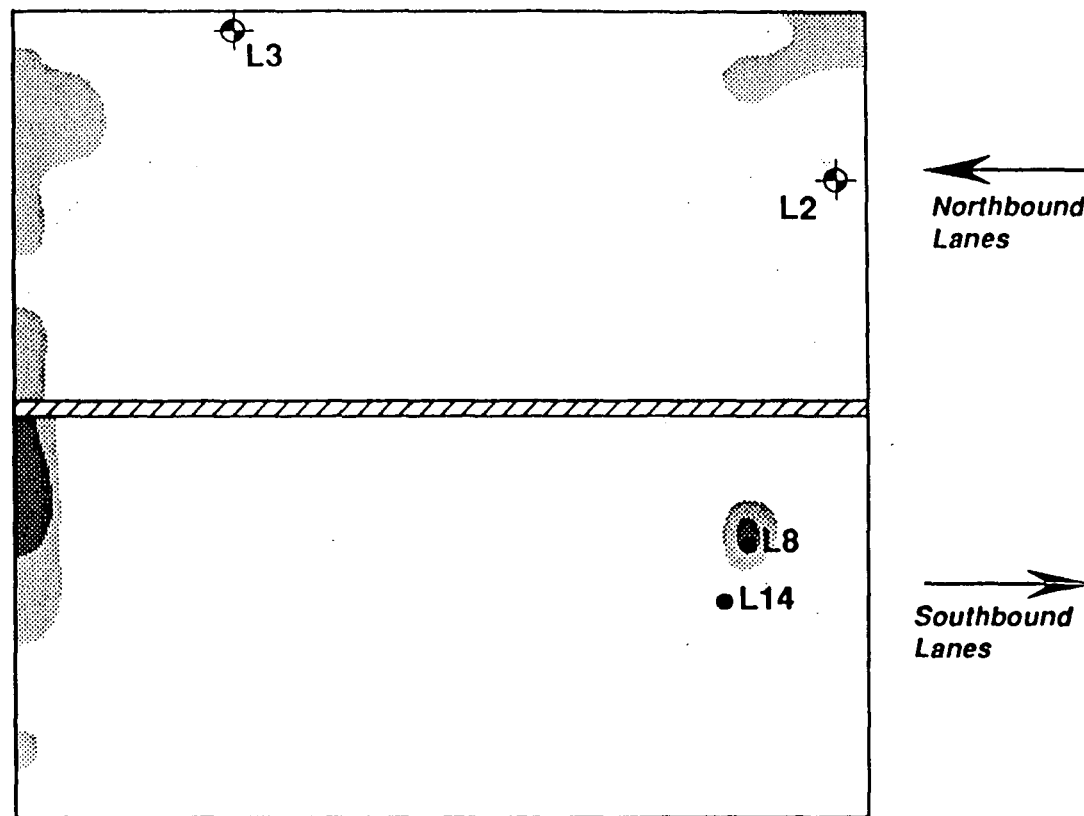
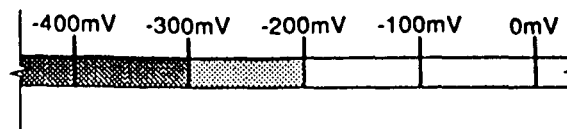
## CONCRETE CORE DESCRIPTIONS:

CTL CORE DESIGNATION	LOCATION	STEEL REINFORCEMENT	DEPTH OF CONC. COVER (Inches)	COMMENTS
L-6	SOUTH SPAN (N.B. LaneS)	No. 6 Bar No. 7 Bar	3" 3-7/8"	No Corrosion Detected (Same)
L-10	SOUTH SPAN (S.B. Lanes)	No. 6 Bar No. 7 Bar	3-1/4" 4-7/8"	No Corrosion Detected Crack, Corrosion Detected
L-13	MIDDLE SPAN (S.B. Lanes)	No. 7 Bar No. 5 Bar	2-5/8" 3-1/4"	Crack, No Corrosion No Corrosion Detected
L-14	NORTH SPAN (S.B. Lanes)	No. 6 Bar No. 6 Bar	2-1/2" 3-1/4"	Light Corrosion Detected (Same)

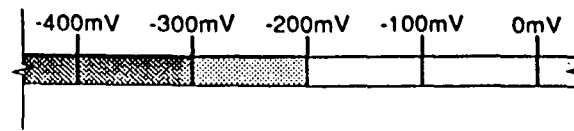
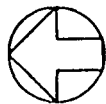
## CHLORIDE ION TEST RESULTS:

CTL Powder Designation	SPAN (Lanes)	Depth of Powder Sample (Inches)	Electro-Potential Readings (MV)	Water-Soluble Chloride Content
L1A	MIDDLE (N.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	170	0.257
L2	NORTH (N.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	135	0.057
L3A	NORTH (N.B.)	2-1/2 to 3	60	0.043
L4A	SOUTH (N.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	135	0.086
L5A	SOUTH (N.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	135	0.036
L6A	SOUTH (N.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	370	0.171
L7A	SOUTH (S.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	370	0.186
L8A	NORTH (S.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	360	0.343
L9A	SOUTH (S.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	300	0.193
L11	SOUTH (S.B.)	2-1/2 to 3	70	0.057
L12	SOUTH (S.B.)	1-1/2 to 2-1/4	120	0.714
L13	MIDDLE (S.B.)	2-1/4 to 2-3/4	60	0.121

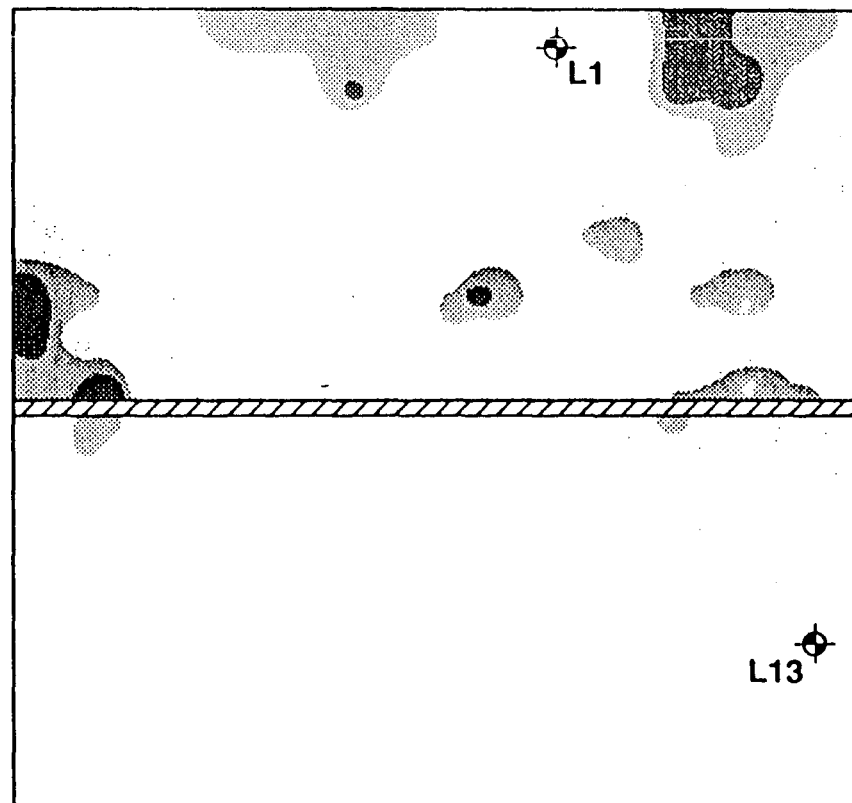
\* Based on an estimated cement content of 14%  
(by weight of cement)



NORTH SPAN



(NORTH END OF BRIDGE)

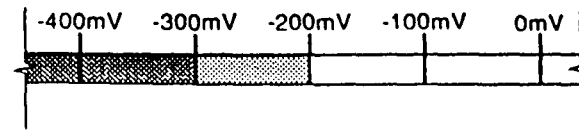
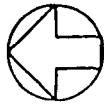


←  
Northbound  
Lanes

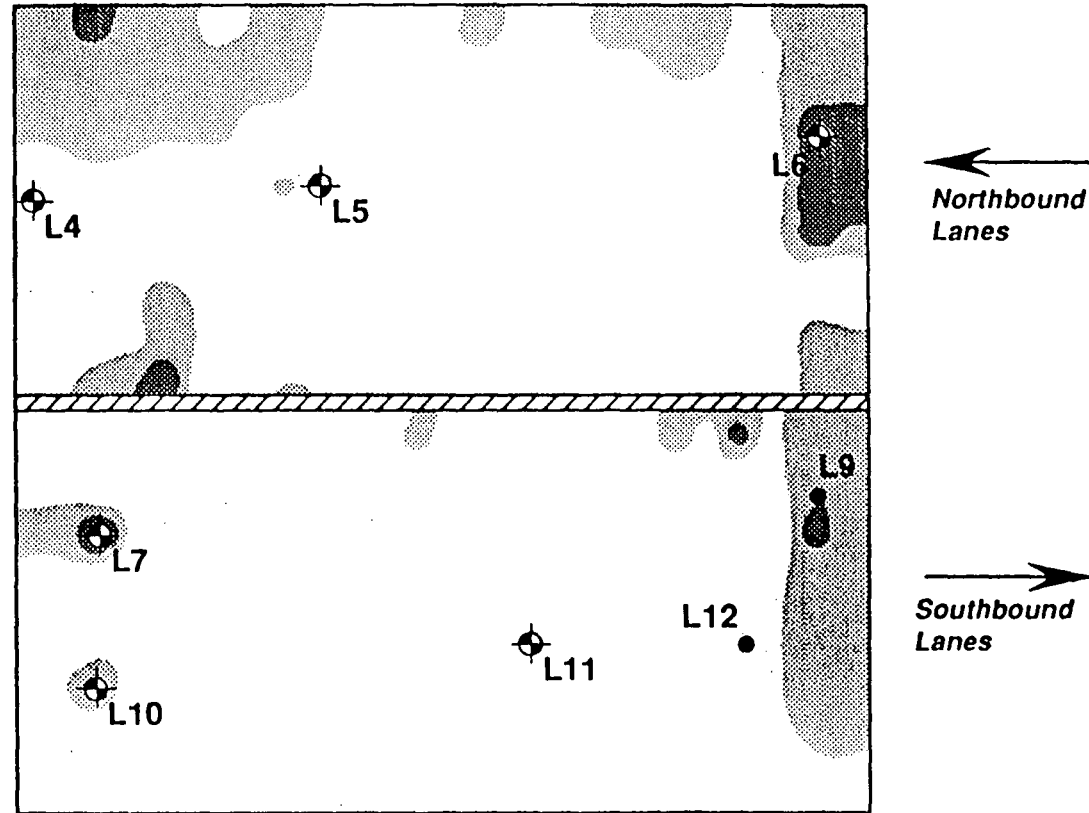
→  
Southbound  
Lanes

(SOUTH END OF SPAN)

MIDDLE SPAN

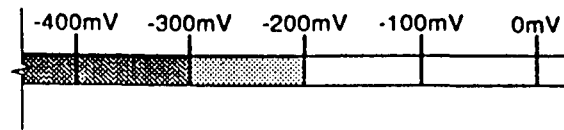
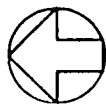


(NORTH END OF BRIDGE)



(SOUTH END OF SPAN)

SOUTH SPAN



(NORTH END OF BRIDGE)

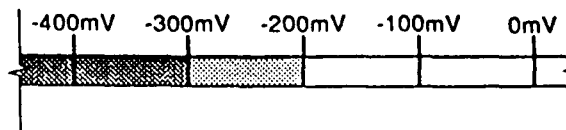
181	153	198	80	48	70	94	157	107	199	175	184	226
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
262	204	123	105	93	194	146	149	128	123	133	284	180
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
284	207	119	108	83	147	123	125	115	184	128	108	181
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
253	100	144	103	137	158	129	123	125	151	121	165	137
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
261	137	114	78	77	103	99	78	114	112	89	140	112
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
184	150	119	97	128	114	98	127	125	109	119	108	138
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
212	173	155	142	94	98	120	111	128	130	112	94	154
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
217	184	133	124	136	113	157	108	105	85	75	77	188
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
313	187	94	59	27	30	72	91	80	58	43	249	88
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
364	101	110	85	38	84	45	105	87	59	75	110	75
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
323	85	100	102	72	78	100	120	46	21	43	383	172
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
288	80	71	48	41	52	80	83	67	21	80	128	17
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
300	113	83	72	48	100	84	118	87	82	97	140	87
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
177	50	20	20	1	35	84	132	40	48	90	165	28
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
218	100	7	3	15	45	42	15	12	30	88	98	70
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
150	40	10	10	13	11	12	17	2	35	34	110	115
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

←  
Northbound  
Lanes

→  
Southbound  
Lanes

(SOUTH END OF SPAN)

NORTH SPAN



(NORTH END OF BRIDGE)

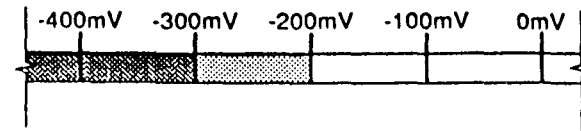
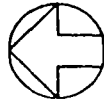
100	123	143	218	213	228	205	180	228	185	303	282	208
152	201	147	147	154	392	184	130	172	184	380	340	172
148	124	138	140	122	131	130	142	148	140	158	227	191
192	138	173	180	148	151	142	128	78	98	100	123	102
190	190	155	198	198	132	124	94	82	234	131	104	116
399	238	152	189	217	135	157	313	155	137	181	287	144
310	188	185	131	188	152	144	183	141	148	154	188	183
284	357	45	184	109	84	101	188	181	183	209	291	218
47	278	138	77	29	98	92	89	45	121	288	105	144
128	151	105	83	93	88	112	82	35	103	118	111	189
93	183	150	59	88	84	194	107	78	118	182	117	188
48	87	58	91	35	38	88	79	82	81	78	108	100
44	88	48	80	75	28	30	87	85	84	72	98	83
48	40	14	44	27	8	88	30	42	88	50	17	43
23	2	84	54	44	0	108	14	71	84	191	21	40
29	10	23	24	20	20	55	47	37	17	128	3	8

←  
Northbound  
Lanes

→  
Southbound  
Lanes

(SOUTH END OF SPAN)

MIDDLE SPAN



(NORTH END OF BRIDGE)

286	333	269	188	258	80	133	251	164	248	227	179	284
215	236	247	273	215	74	138	103	85	173	193	186	260
209	236	203	212	70	94	71	80	122	121	118	117	371
143	186	140	140	204	135	47	71	87	133	115	136	314
129	173	161	174	158	102	92	85	61	109	151	151	382
208	141	282	187	132	103	165	94	91	138	97	138	180
182	150	202	85	143	99	112	52	132	81	114	112	220
138	235	328	87	268	166	114	56	130	88	86	169	208
135	93	149	148	52	100	210	80	130	91	285	351	246
143	180	125	88	52	38	145	62	127	70	82	173	294
268	388	182	152	47	110	182	47	192	82	69	88	318
117	152	104	68	72	75	31	83	140	34	72	82	292
85	129	76	53	98	50	75	111	87	69	69	121	229
139	248	57	21	60	50	29	38	14	3	83	106	235
80	112	60	97	34	31	52	40	173	20	71	48	278
28	25	33	21	18	40	41	1	3	2	31	85	33

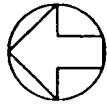
←  
Northbound  
Lanes

→  
Southbound  
Lanes

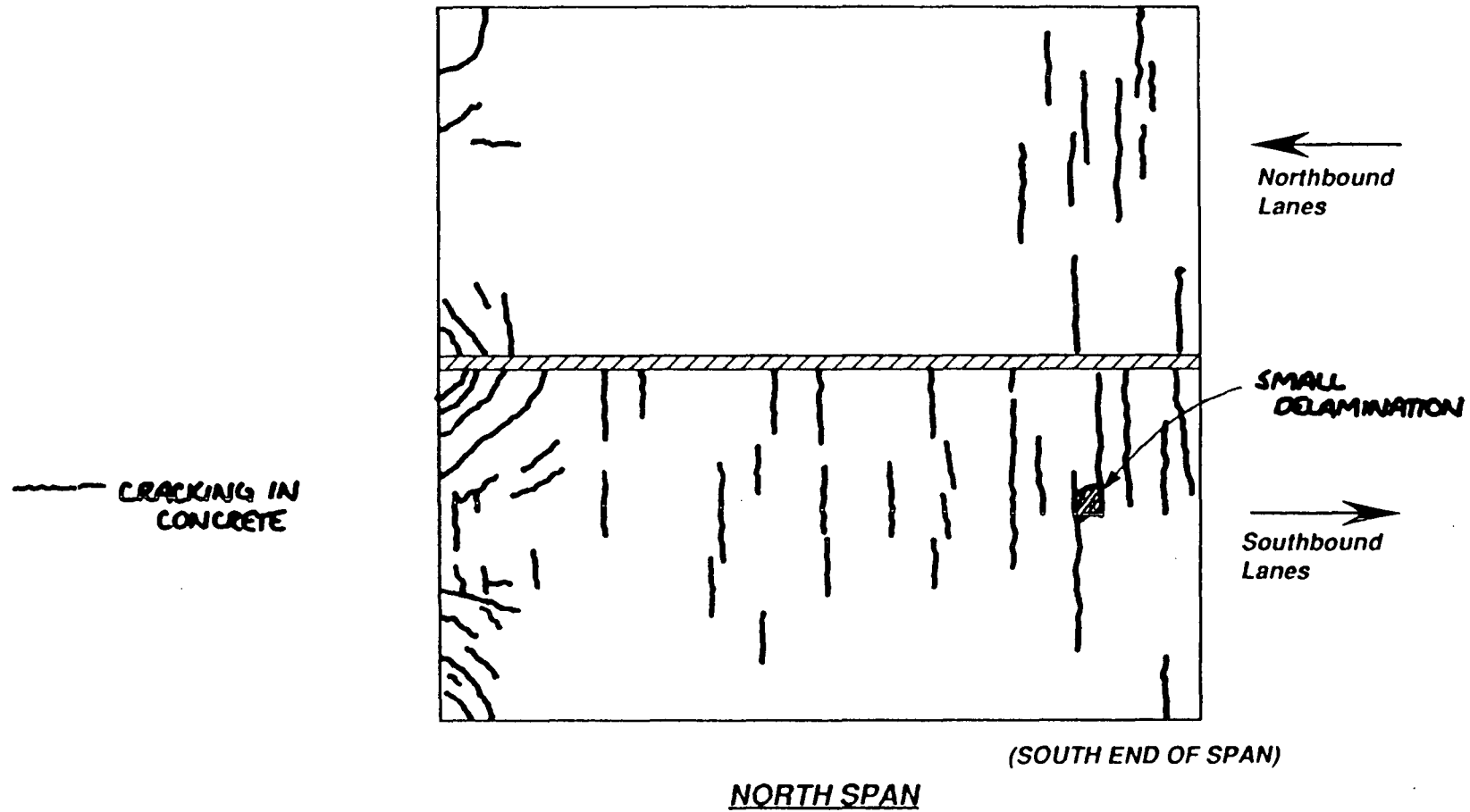
(SOUTH END OF SPAN)

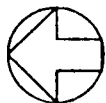
SOUTH SPAN



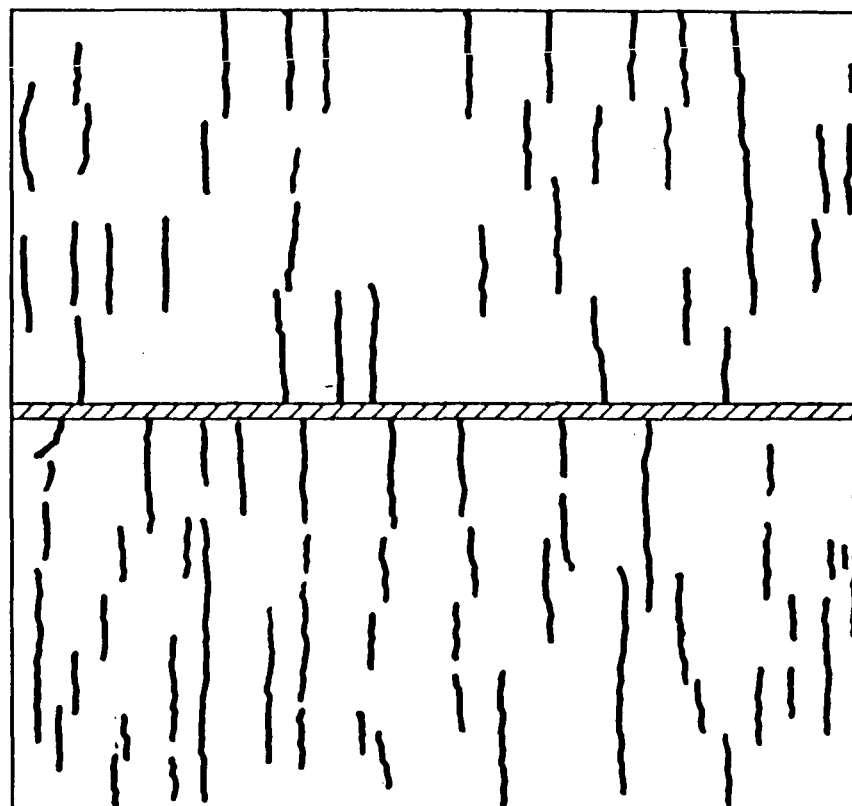


(NORTH END OF BRIDGE)





(NORTH END OF BRIDGE)



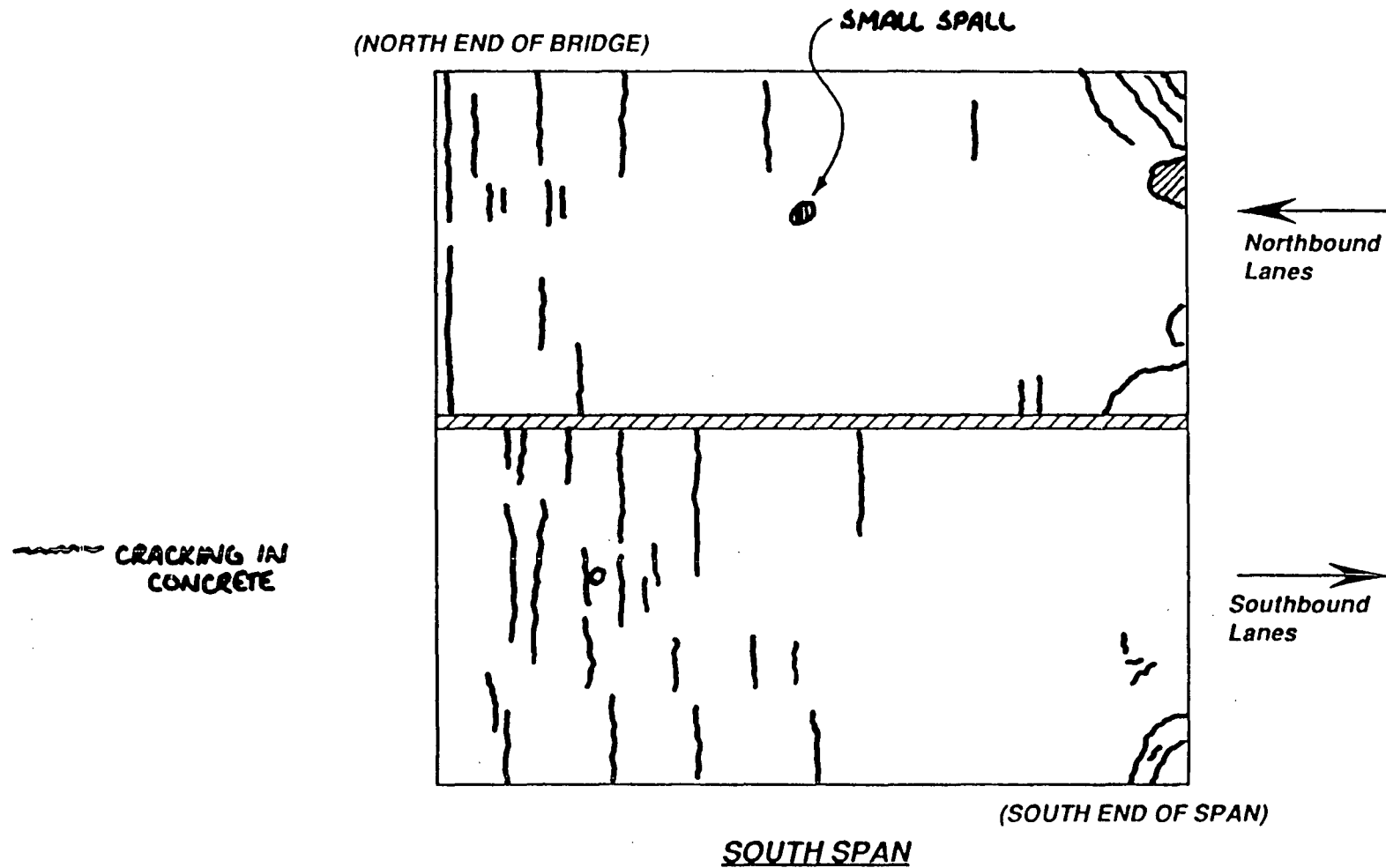
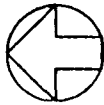
←  
Northbound  
Lanes

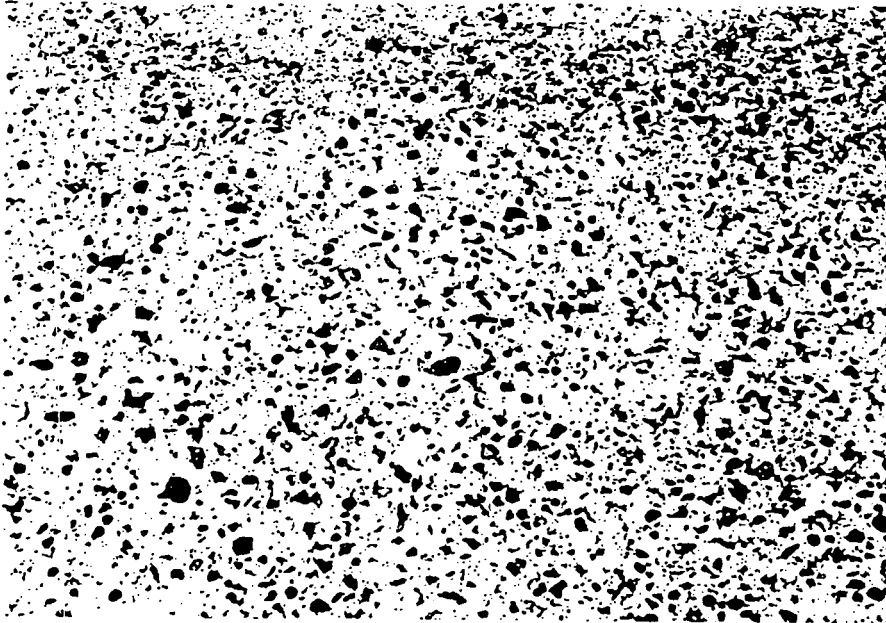
→  
Southbound  
Lanes

~~~~~ CRACKING IN  
CONCRETE

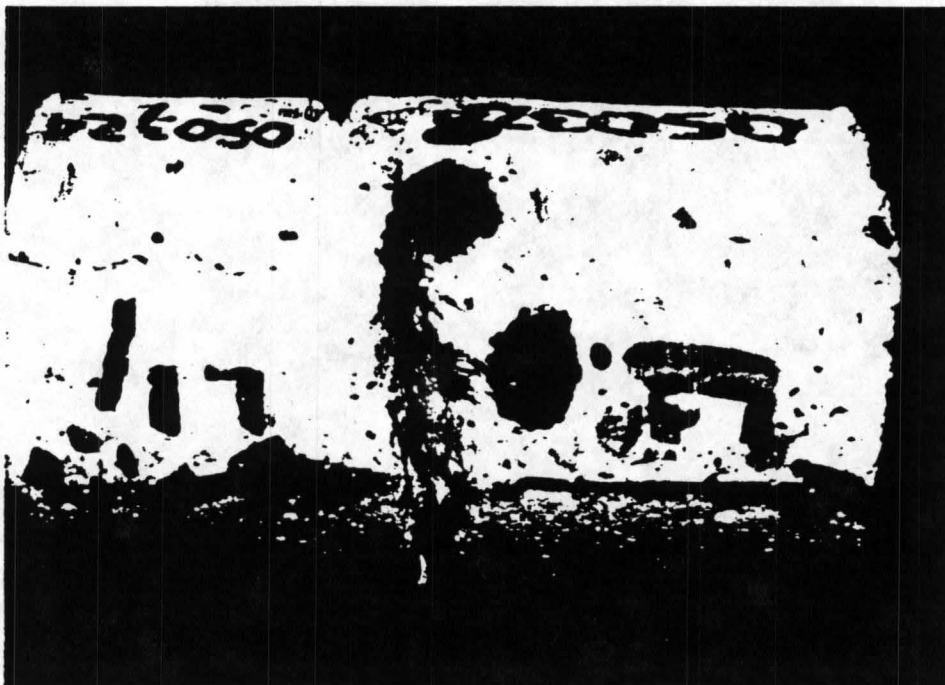
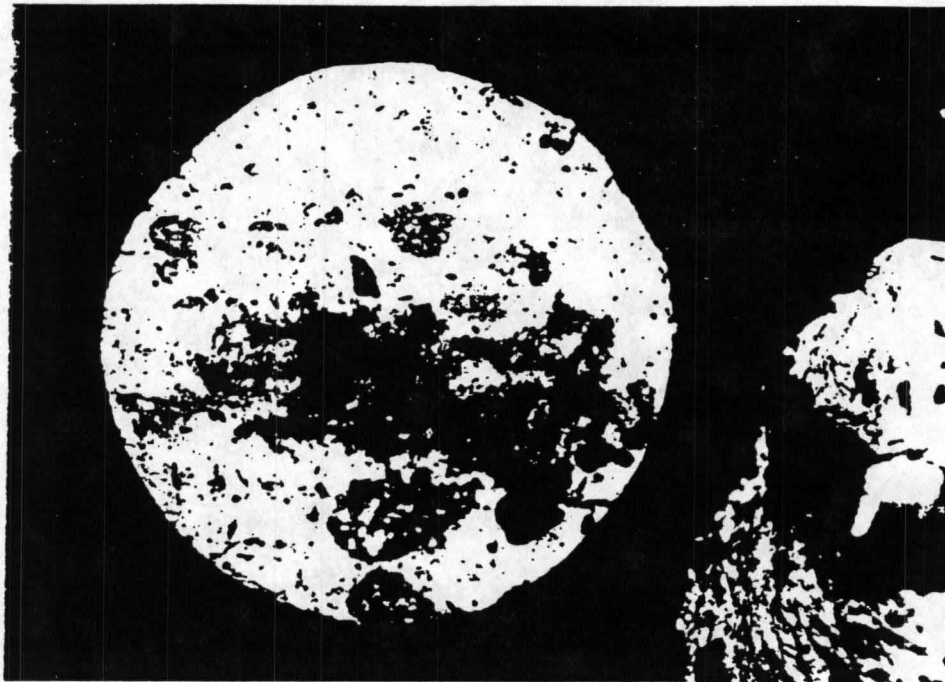
(SOUTH END OF SPAN)

MIDDLE SPAN



AMES BRIDGEPHOTOS A.2(a & b):

Representative Conditions of Bridge Deck Wearing Surface (Note areas of concrete deterioration and asphalt patch shown in Photo b)

AMES BRIDGEPHOTOS A.2(c & d):

Close-up Views of Core Sample L-1 Note that the water-soluble chloride ion content in powder sample L-1A was 0.257 (by weight of cement), at a depth of approximately 2-1/2-in. Potential survey results indicated a reading of -170 mv in adjacent concrete.

AMES BRIDGE

PHOTO A.2(e):  
Steel samples removed from Core Sample L-6.

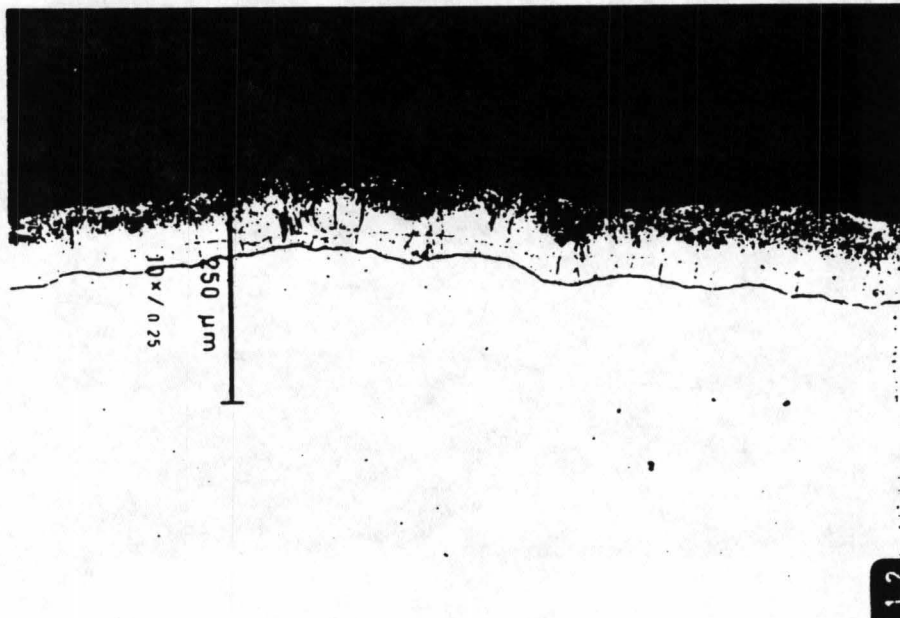


PHOTO A.2(f):  
Magnification of No. 6 Bar removed from Core Sample L-6 (galvanized coating thickness of 3.8 mils).

AMES BRIDGE

PHOTO A.2(g):  
Steel samples removed from Core Sample L-10.

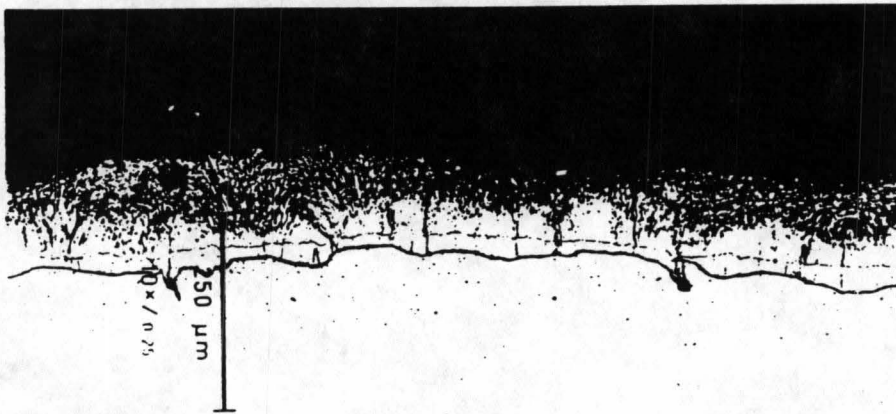
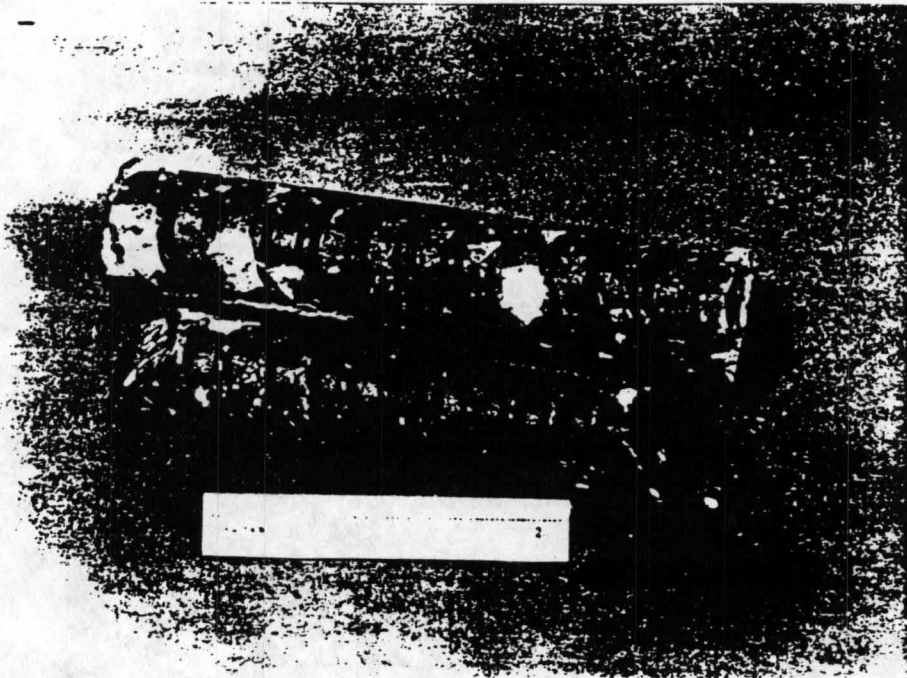
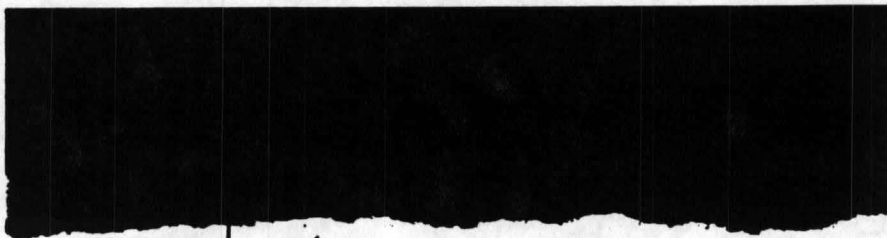


PHOTO A.2(h):  
Magnification of No. 5 Bar removed from Core Sample L-10 (galvanized coating thickness of 4.7 mils).



AMES BRIDGEPHOTO A.2(i):

Steel samples removed from Core Sample L-14.



250  $\mu$ m  
10x / 3.3"

PHOTO A.2(j):

Magnification of No. 6 Bar removed from Core Sample L-14 (steel reinforcement is uncoated).



**PETROGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF HARDENED CONCRETE, ASTM C 856**

**CTL PROJECT NO.:** 154070

**CLIENT:** International Lead Zinc Research Organization

**STRUCTURE:** Bridge Deck

**LOCATION:** Ames, Iowa

**DATE:** January 22, 1992

**PROBLEM:** Quality Evaluation

**EXAMINED BY:** L. Powers-Couche

Page 6 of 25

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**SAMPLE:**

**Identification:** L6.

**Dimensions:** Diameter = 4.0 in.; Length = 4.0 to 5.0 in.

**Top Surface:** Abraded surface with exposed coarse aggregate. Aggregate particles are polished and stand out in relief against softer paste.

**Bottom Surface:** Broken surface fractured around aggregate.

**Cracks, Joints, Large Voids:** Many areas of underconsolidation. The largest underconsolidated area is 1.5 in. long and 2.0 in. wide.

**Reinforcement:** No. 6 rebar is located 3.0 in from top surface.

**AGGREGATES (A)**

**Coarse (C):** Siliceous and calcareous gravel consisting of granite, limestone, chert, altered volcanic rock (hematitic and silicified), and schist.

**Fine (F):** Siliceous and calcareous sand consisting of quartzite, quartz, limestone, chert, feldspar, schist, hornblende, granite, graywacke, and hematite-cemented sandstone.

**Gradation & Top Size:** Evenly graded to a top size of 0.7 in.

**Shape & Distribution:** CA is rounded to subangular, equidimensional to elongate, and somewhat nonuniformly distributed. FA is rounded to subangular, equidimensional, and uniformly distributed.

**PASTE**

**Color:** Medium gray.

**Hardness:** Moderately hard.

**Luster:** Subvitreous.

**Calcium Hydroxide\*:** 7 to 10% uniformly distributed small crystals.

**Unhydrated Portland Cement Clinker Particles (UPC's)\*:** 8 to 12% uniformly distributed UPC's and relics.

**Depth of Carbonation:** 0.1 in. from top surface.

**Air Content:** 4 to 6% uniformly distributed, small, spherical air voids and irregularly shaped, larger (up to 0.5 in.) paste-lined, entrapped air voids.

**Fly Ash\*:** None observed.

**Paste-Aggregate Bond:** Moderately tight. The concrete breaks around the smooth, hard coarse aggregates.

**Secondary Deposits:** Inwardly-pointing ettringite needles line or fill voids.

---

\*percent by volume of paste

Microcracking: No significant microcracks are observed.

ESTIMATED WATER-CEMENT RATIO: 0.50 to 0.55.

MISCELLANEOUS: Chert particles have dark rims, however, no other evidence of alkali-silica reaction is observed. The paste is carbonated around limestone particles and around some larger air voids.

## PETROGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF HARDENED CONCRETE, ASTM C 856

CTL PROJECT NO.: 154070

CLIENT: International Lead Zinc Research Organization

STRUCTURE: Bridge Deck

LOCATION: Ames, Iowa

DATE: January 22, 1992

PROBLEM: Quality Evaluation

EXAMINED BY: L. Powers-Couche

Page 8 of 25

**SAMPLE:****Identification:** L10.**Dimensions:** Diameter = 4.0 in.; Length = 6.5 in.**Top Surface:** Abraded surface with coarse aggregates exposed. Aggregates are polished and stand out in relief against softer paste.**Bottom Surface:** Irregular, broken surface fractured through aggregates.**Cracks, Joints, Large Voids:** The concrete is generally well consolidated with no visible joints and few voids larger than 0.2 in. Two major vertical cracks which mostly pass around aggregates pass lengthwise through the core.**Reinforcement:** No. 5 rebar is located 3.2 in. from the top surface. No 6 rebar is 5.0 in. from the top and is corroded.**AGGREGATES (A)****Coarse (C):** Siliceous and calcareous gravel consisting of granite, limestone, chert, altered volcanic rock (hematitic and silicified), and schist.**Fine (F):** Siliceous and calcareous sand consisting of quartzite, quartz, limestone, chert, feldspar, schist, hornblende, granite, graywacke, and hematite-cemented sandstone.**Gradation & Top Size:** Evenly graded to a top size of 0.7 in.**Shape & Distribution:** CA is rounded to subangular, equidimensional to elongate, and somewhat nonuniformly distributed. FA is rounded to subangular, equidimensional, and uniformly distributed.**PASTE****Color:** Medium gray.**Hardness:** Moderately hard.**Luster:** Subvitreous.**Calcium Hydroxide\*:** 6 to 8% uniformly distributed small crystals and patches. Calcium hydroxide lines voids and partially coats aggregates.**Unhydrated Portland Cement Clinker Particles (UPC's)\*:** 10 to 15% uniformly distributed UPC's and relics.**Depth of Carbonation:** 0.1 in. from top surface.**Air Content:** 3 to 5% uniformly distributed, small, spherical air voids.**Fly Ash\*:** None observed.**Paste-Aggregate Bond:** Moderately tight.**Secondary Deposits:** Blades of calcium hydroxide and ettringite needles line or fill voids.

\*percent by volume of paste

**Microcracking:** Microcracks occur around reactive chert particles. Other cracks are randomly oriented and pass through aggregates. Adjacent paste is carbonated.

**ESTIMATED WATER-CEMENT RATIO:** 0.45 to 0.50.

**MISCELLANEOUS:** Dark rims occur around chert and dolomitic chert. Adjacent paste is cloudy and isotropic. Curved cracks following the outline of the aggregate are also observed. Gel is seen in one crack and in several voids.

## PETROGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF HARDENED CONCRETE, ASTM C 856

CTL PROJECT NO.: 154070

CLIENT: International Lead Zinc Research Organization

STRUCTURE: Bridge Deck

LOCATION: Ames, Iowa

DATE: January 22, 1992

PROBLEM: Quality Evaluation

EXAMINED BY: L. Powers-Couche

Page 10 of 25

**SAMPLE:****Identification:** L14.**Dimensions:** Diameter = 4.0 in.; Length = 5.6 in.**Top Surface:** Moderately abraded surface with coarse aggregates exposed and polished.**Bottom Surface:** Broken surface fractured through aggregates.**Cracks, Joints, Large Voids:** Generally well consolidated with no visible joints. Some underconsolidation occurs around rebar. Air voids are typically smaller than 0.15 in. One side of the core intersected a vertical crack from the top of the core to a depth of 3 in. The crack passes through several coarse aggregate particles.**Reinforcement:** Corroded No. 6 rebar is located 2.5 in. from top of core, and corroded No. 5 or 6 rebar located 3.3 in. from top.**AGGREGATES (A)****Coarse (C):** Siliceous and calcareous gravel consisting of granite, limestone, chert, altered volcanic rock (hematitic and silicified), and schist.**Fine (F):** Siliceous and calcareous sand consisting of quartzite, quartz, limestone, chert, feldspar, schist, hornblende, granite, graywacke, and hematite-cemented sandstone.**Gradation & Top Size:** Evenly graded to a top size of 0.7 in.**Shape & Distribution:** CA is rounded to subangular, equidimensional to elongate, and somewhat nonuniformly distributed. FA is rounded to subangular, equidimensional, and uniformly distributed.**PASTE****Color:** Medium gray.**Hardness:** Moderately hard.**Luster:** Subvitreous.**Calcium Hydroxide\*:** 7 to 10% uniformly distributed small crystals.**Unhydrated Portland Cement Clinker Particles (UPC's)\*:** 8 to 12% uniformly distributed UPC's and relics.**Depth of Carbonation:** 0.1 in. from top surface.**Air Content:** 4 to 6% uniformly distributed, small, spherical air voids and irregularly shaped, larger (up to 0.5 in.) paste-lined, entrapped air voids.**Fly Ash\*:** None observed.**Paste-Aggregate Bond:** Moderately tight. The concrete breaks around the smooth, hard coarse aggregates.

\*percent by volume of paste

**CTL**

Page 11 of 25

**Secondary Deposits:** Blades of calcium hydroxide and ettringite needles line or fill voids.

**Microcracking:** Microcracks occur around reactive chert particles. Other cracks are randomly oriented and pass through aggregates. Adjacent paste is carbonated.

**ESTIMATED WATER-CEMENT RATIO:** 0.50 to 0.55.

**MISCELLANEOUS:** Dark rims occur around chert and dolomitic chert. Adjacent paste is cloudy and isotropic. Curved cracks following the outline of the aggregate are also observed. Gel is seen in one crack and in several voids.

Table B.2(a): CONCRETE POWDER SAMPLE SUMMARY (1975 CTL Report)

## AMES BRIDGE, IOWA

| CTL Powder Designation | Electro-Potential Readings<br>(-MV) | Water-Soluble Chloride Content<br>(lbs/cu yd concrete) | Water-Soluble Chloride Content<br>(by weight of concrete) | Water-Soluble Chloride Content*<br>(by weight of cement) |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SF2</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 13.80                                                  | 0.352                                                     | 2.518                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 3.60                                                   | 0.092                                                     | 0.657                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.70                                                   | 0.018                                                     | 0.128                                                    |
| <b>SF3</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 14.50                                                  | 0.370                                                     | 2.646                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 1.40                                                   | 0.036                                                     | 0.255                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.70                                                   | 0.018                                                     | 0.128                                                    |
| <b>SF5</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 4.30                                                   | 0.110                                                     | 0.785                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 1.60                                                   | 0.041                                                     | 0.292                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.70                                                   | 0.018                                                     | 0.128                                                    |
| <b>NG1</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 4.20                                                   | 0.107                                                     | 0.766                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 1.40                                                   | 0.036                                                     | 0.255                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.50                                                   | 0.013                                                     | 0.091                                                    |
| <b>NG3</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 9.00                                                   | 0.230                                                     | 1.642                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 1.30                                                   | 0.033                                                     | 0.237                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.50                                                   | 0.013                                                     | 0.091                                                    |
| <b>NG5</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 3.50                                                   | 0.089                                                     | 0.639                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 1.40                                                   | 0.036                                                     | 0.255                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.70                                                   | 0.018                                                     | 0.128                                                    |
| <b>NN2</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 10.70                                                  | 0.273                                                     | 1.952                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 7.90                                                   | 0.202                                                     | 1.441                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.40                                                   | 0.010                                                     | 0.073                                                    |
| <b>NN4</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 4.20                                                   | 0.107                                                     | 0.766                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 0.80                                                   | 0.020                                                     | 0.146                                                    |
| 1-1/2" TO 1-3/4"       | N.A.                                | 0.40                                                   | 0.010                                                     | 0.073                                                    |
| <b>NN5</b>             |                                     |                                                        |                                                           |                                                          |
| 0" TO 1/4"             | N.A.                                | 2.30                                                   | 0.059                                                     | 0.420                                                    |
| 3/4" TO 1"             | N.A.                                | 0.60                                                   | 0.015                                                     | 0.109                                                    |

\* Based on an estimated cement content of 14%  
(by weight of cement)

TABLE 8 - RESULTS OF CHLORIDE ANALYSES

| Depth at Which Sample Was Taken | Lbs. Cl <sup>-</sup> /cu. yd. of Concrete at Location Indicated |      |      |     |      |      |      |      |      |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
|                                 | SF2                                                             | SF3  | SF5  | NG1 | NG3  | NG5  | NN2  | NN4  | NN5  |
| 0 - 1/4"                        | 13.8                                                            | 14.5 | 4.3  | 4.2 | 9.0  | 3.5  | 10.7 | 4.2  | 2.3  |
| 3/4" - 1"                       | 3.6                                                             | 1.4  | 1.6  | 1.4 | 1.3  | 1.4  | 7.9  | 0.8  | 0.6  |
| 1-1/2" - 1-3/4"                 | 0.7                                                             | 0.7  | 0.7  | 0.5 | 0.5  | 0.7  | 0.4  | 0.4  | 0.4  |
| 2-1/4" - 2-1/2"                 | 0.6*                                                            | 0.7* | 0.4* | 0.6 | 0.5* | 0.3* | 0.7* | 0.4* | 0.2* |
| 3" - 3-1/4"                     | 0.6                                                             | 0.5  | 0.5  | -*  | -    | -    | 0.4  | 0.3  | 0.2  |

\*Denotes level of top steel at location indicated.

TABLE 9 - RESULTS OF pH MEASUREMENTS

| Depth at Which Sample Was Taken | pH at Location Indicated |       |       |      |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                                 | SF2                      | SF3   | SF5   | NG1  | NG3   | NG5   | NN2   | NN4   | NN5   |
| 0 - 1/4"                        | 12.3                     | 12.1  | 12.4  | 12.2 | 12.2  | 12.4  | 12.2  | 12.3  | 12.3  |
| 3/4" - 1"                       | 12.4                     | 11.8  | 12.0  | 12.1 | 12.1  | 12.1  | 12.0  | 12.1  | 12.2  |
| 1-1/2" - 1-3/4"                 | 11.9                     | 11.8  | 11.8  | 12.0 | 12.0  | 12.1  | 9.2   | 12.1  | 12.0  |
| 2-1/4" - 2-1/2"                 | 11.2*                    | 11.7* | 11.8* | 12.0 | 12.0* | 12.1* | 11.8* | 12.0* | 12.0* |
| 3" - 3-1/4"                     | 11.3                     | 11.8  | 11.9  | -*   | -     | -     | 11.7  | 11.7  | 11.5  |

\*Denotes level of top steel at location indicated.



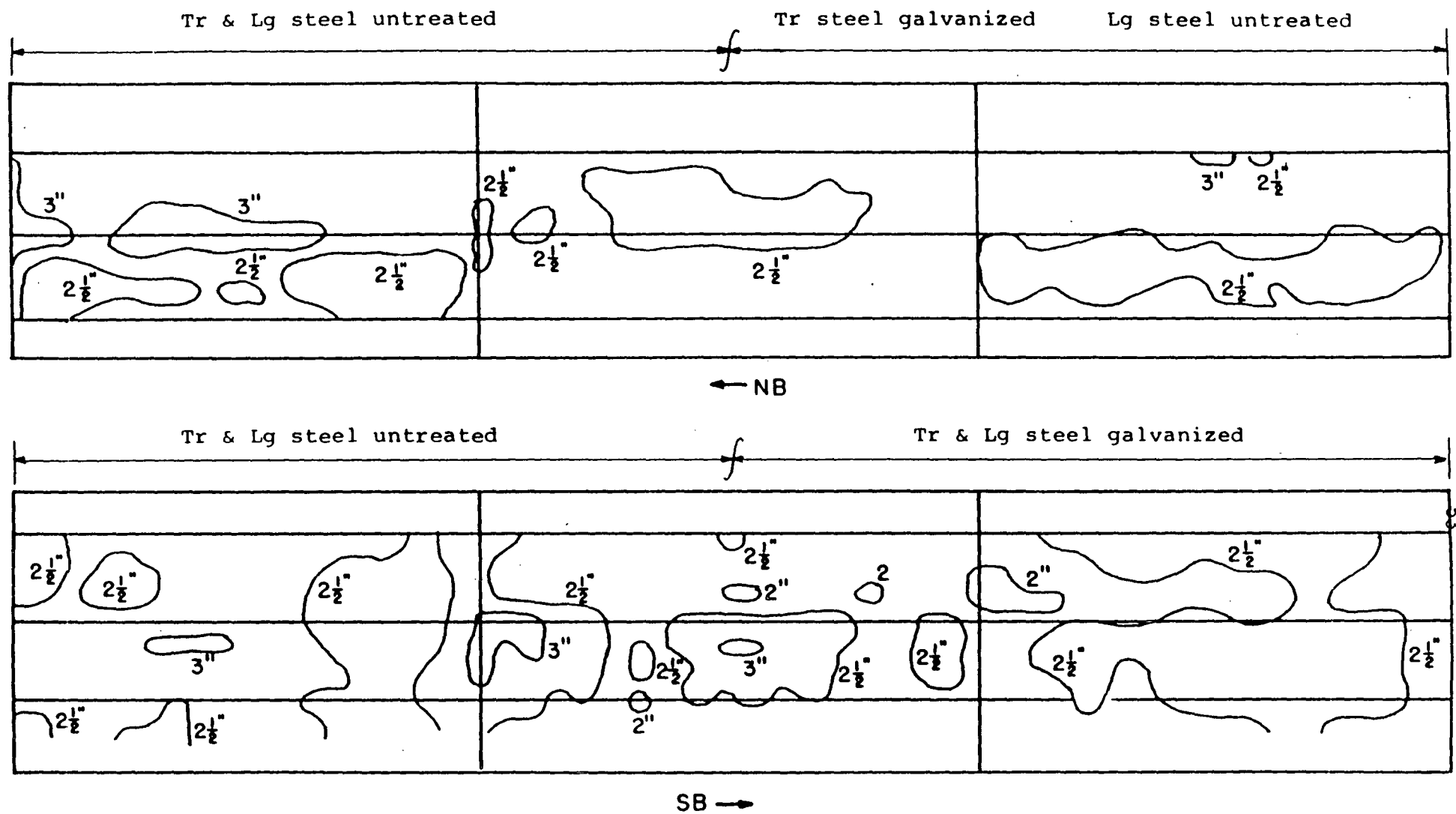


Fig. 21 - Diagram showing cover over top transverse reinforcing bars.

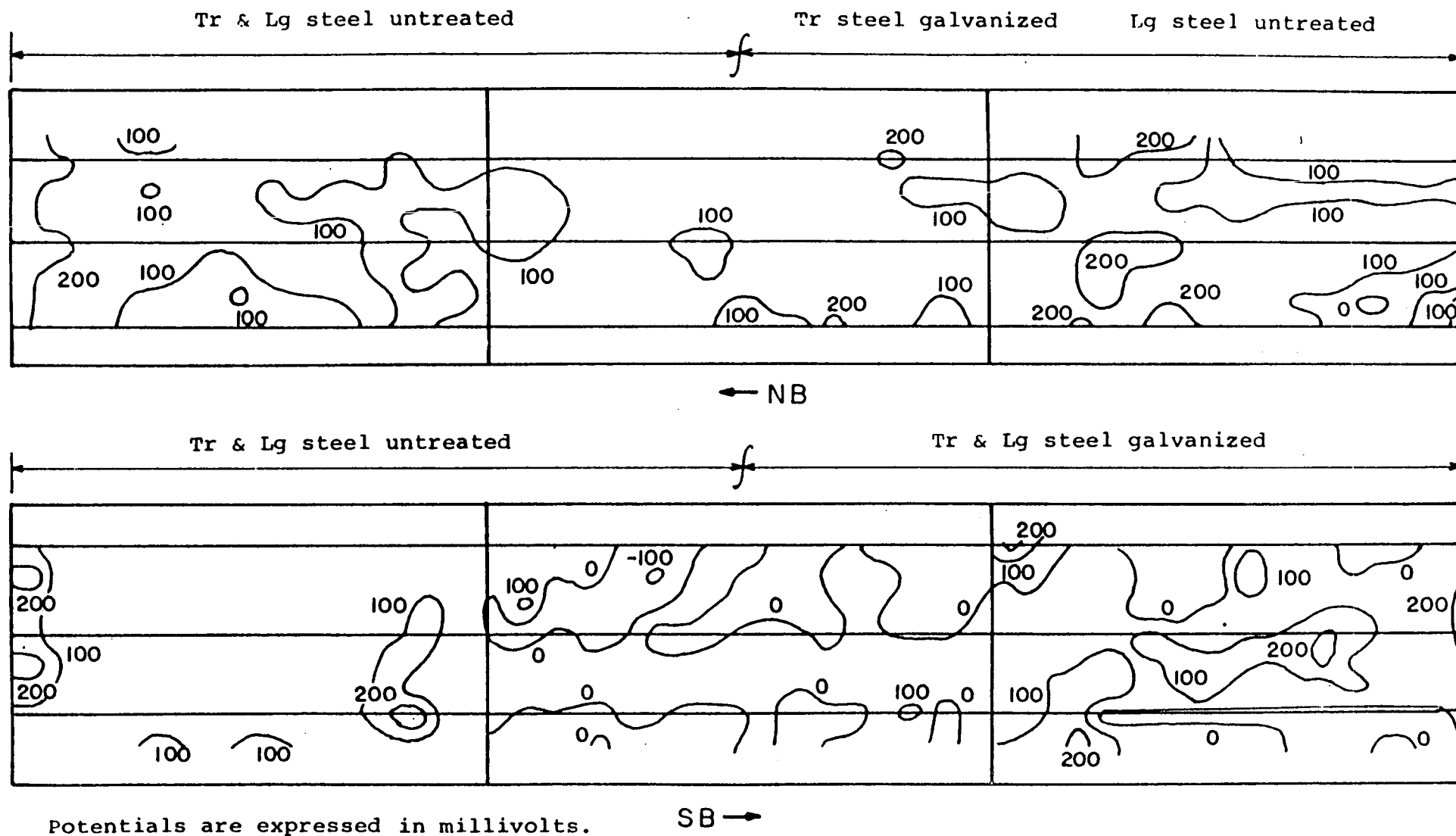


Fig. 22 - Diagram of distribution of electrical potentials in top mat of reinforcing steel.

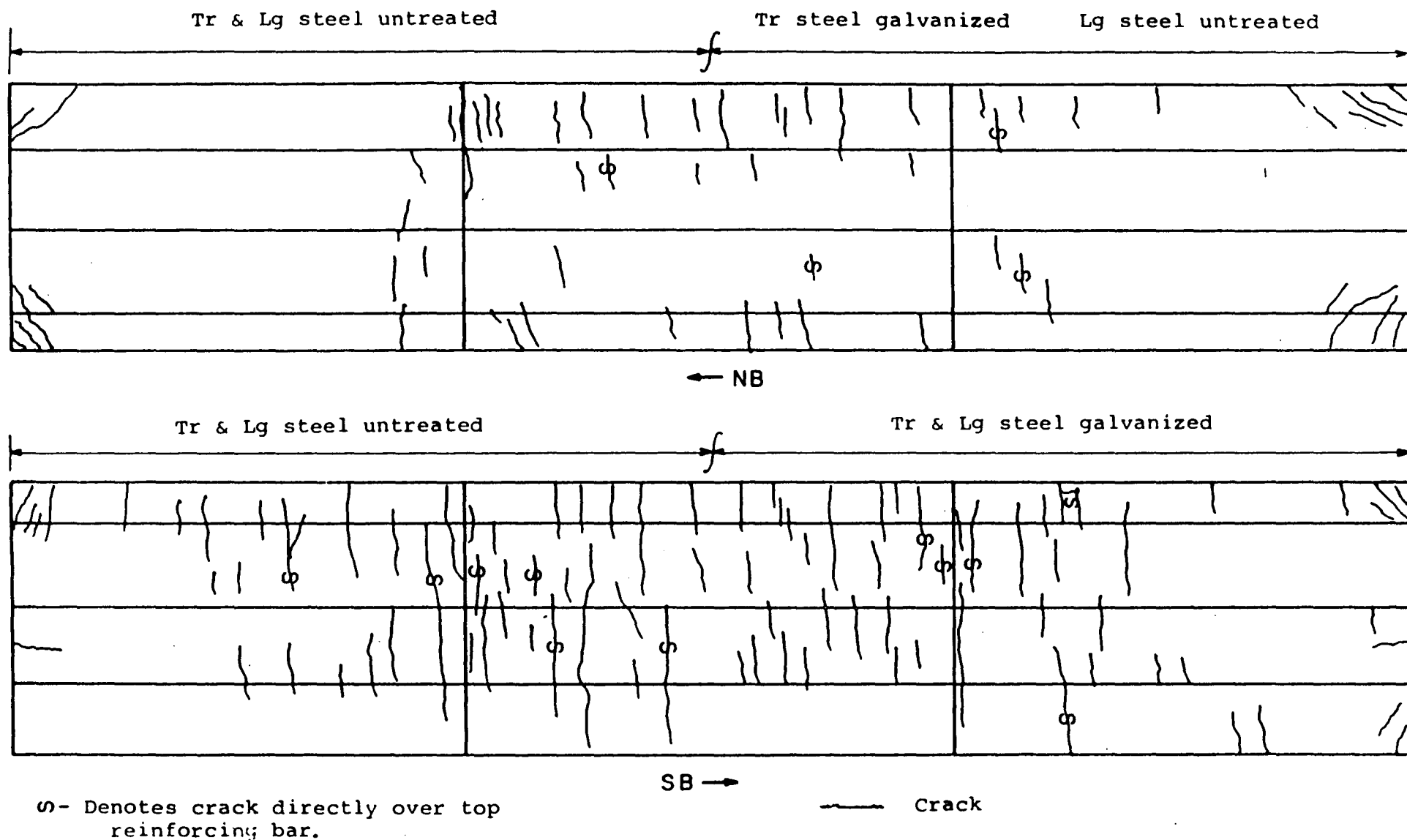


Fig. 23 - Diagram showing locations of cracks visible at wearing surface.

Table B.2(b): CONCRETE POWDER SAMPLE SUMMARY (1982 CTL Report)

## AMES BRIDGE, IOWA

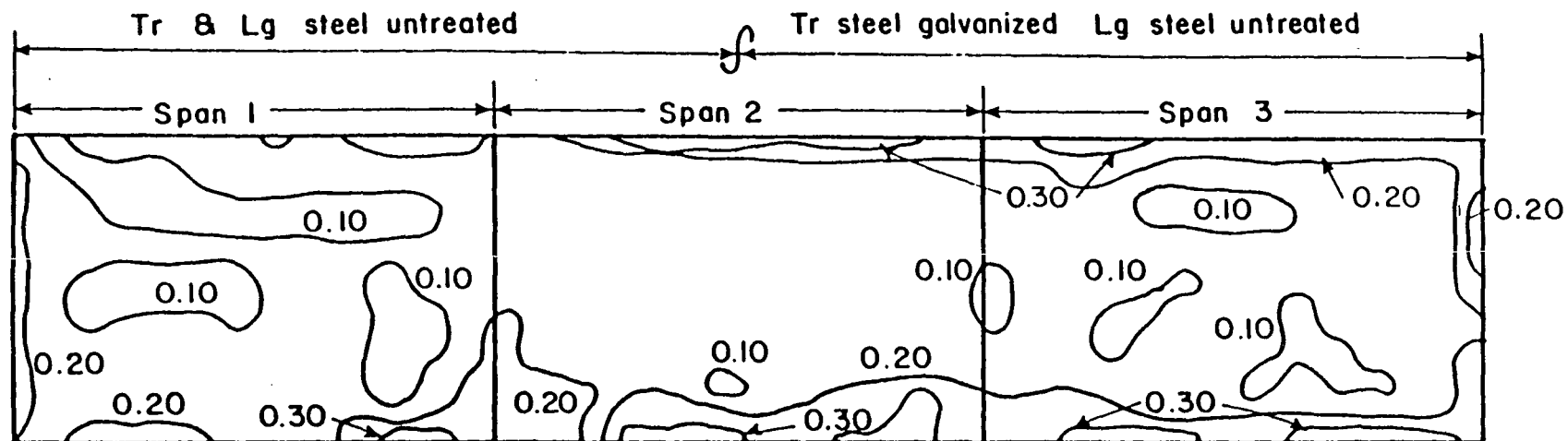
| CTL Powder  |   | Electro-Potential | Water-Soluble        | Water-Soluble           | Water-Soluble         |
|-------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Designation |   | Readings          | Chloride Content     | Chloride Content        | Chloride Content*     |
|             |   | (-MV)             | (lbs/cu yd concrete) | (by weight of concrete) | (by weight of cement) |
| LD-1        | M | 90                | 1.44                 | 0.037                   | 0.263                 |
| LD-2        | M | 370               | 0.56                 | 0.014                   | 0.102                 |
| LD-3        | N | 100               | 0.64                 | 0.016                   | 0.117                 |
| LD-4        | S | 350               | 0.88                 | 0.022                   | 0.161                 |
| LD-5        | S | 120               | 0.92                 | 0.023                   | 0.168                 |
| LD-6        | S | 120               | 0.44                 | 0.011                   | 0.080                 |
| LD-7        | S | 240               | 0.20                 | 0.005                   | 0.036                 |
| LD-8        | S | 40                | 0.96                 | 0.025                   | 0.175                 |
| LD-9        | M | 10                | 0.92                 | 0.023                   | 0.168                 |
| LD-10       | S | 110               | 0.64                 | 0.016                   | 0.117                 |
| LD-11       | S | 150               | 0.56                 | 0.014                   | 0.102                 |
| LD-12       | S | 70                | 0.76                 | 0.019                   | 0.139                 |
| LD-13       | M | 80                | 0.40                 | 0.010                   | 0.073                 |
| LD-14       | N | 100               | 0.40                 | 0.010                   | 0.073                 |
| LD-15       | N | 100               | 0.92                 | 0.023                   | 0.168                 |

\* Based on an estimated cement content of 14%  
(by weight of cement)

Table 1 - Results of Chloride and Metallographic Measurements

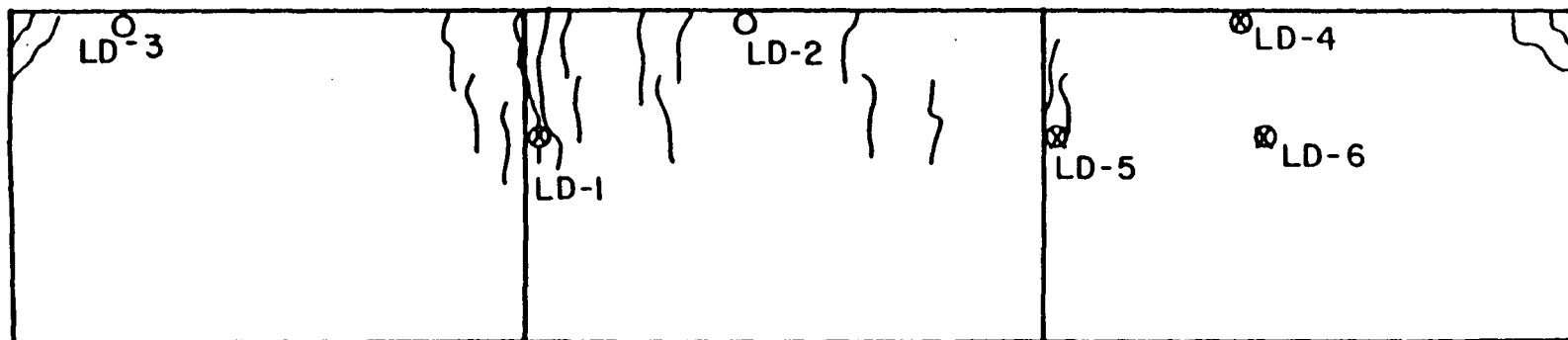
| Sample No. | Sample Depth, in. | Steel Mat     | Potential-Volts | Cl <sup>-</sup> content lbs/cu yd | Average Coating Thickness Remaining Mils * |
|------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| LD-1       | 2-1/4 - 2-3/4     | Untreated     | -0.09           | 1.44                              | -                                          |
| LD-2       | 2 - 2-1/2         | Untreated     | -0.37           | 0.56                              | -                                          |
| LD-3       | 2 - 2-1/2         | Untreated     | -0.10           | 0.64                              | -                                          |
| LD-4       | 2-1/4 - 2-3/4     | Galv. & Untr. | -0.35           | 0.88                              | 7.7                                        |
| LD-5       | 2-3/4 - 3-1/4     | Galv. & Untr. | -0.12           | 0.92                              | 5.8                                        |
| LD-6       | 2-1/2 - 3         | Galv. & Untr. | -0.12           | 0.44                              | 5.7                                        |
| LD-7       | 2 - 2-1/2         | Galvanized    | -0.24           | 0.20                              | -                                          |
| LD-8       | 2 - 2-1/2         | Galvanized    | -0.04           | 0.96                              | -                                          |
| LD-9       | 2-3/4 - 3-1/4     | Galvanized    | -0.01           | 0.92                              | -                                          |
| LD-10      | 2 - 2-1/2         | Galvanized    | -0.11           | 0.64                              | -                                          |
| LD-11      | 2-1/4 - 2-3/4     | Galvanized    | -0.15           | 0.56                              | 5.4                                        |
| LD-12      | 2-3/4 - 3-1/4     | Galvanized    | +0.07           | 0.76                              | -                                          |
| LD-13      | 2 - 2-1/2         | Galvanized    | -0.08           | 0.40                              | 6.1                                        |
| LD-14      | 2-1/2 - 3         | Untreated     | -0.10           | 0.40                              | -                                          |
| LD-15      | 2-1/4 - 2-3/4     | Untreated     | -0.10           | 0.92                              | -                                          |

\*Based on average of 10 readings



Isopotential Map - Volts (-)

North  
end of  
bridge

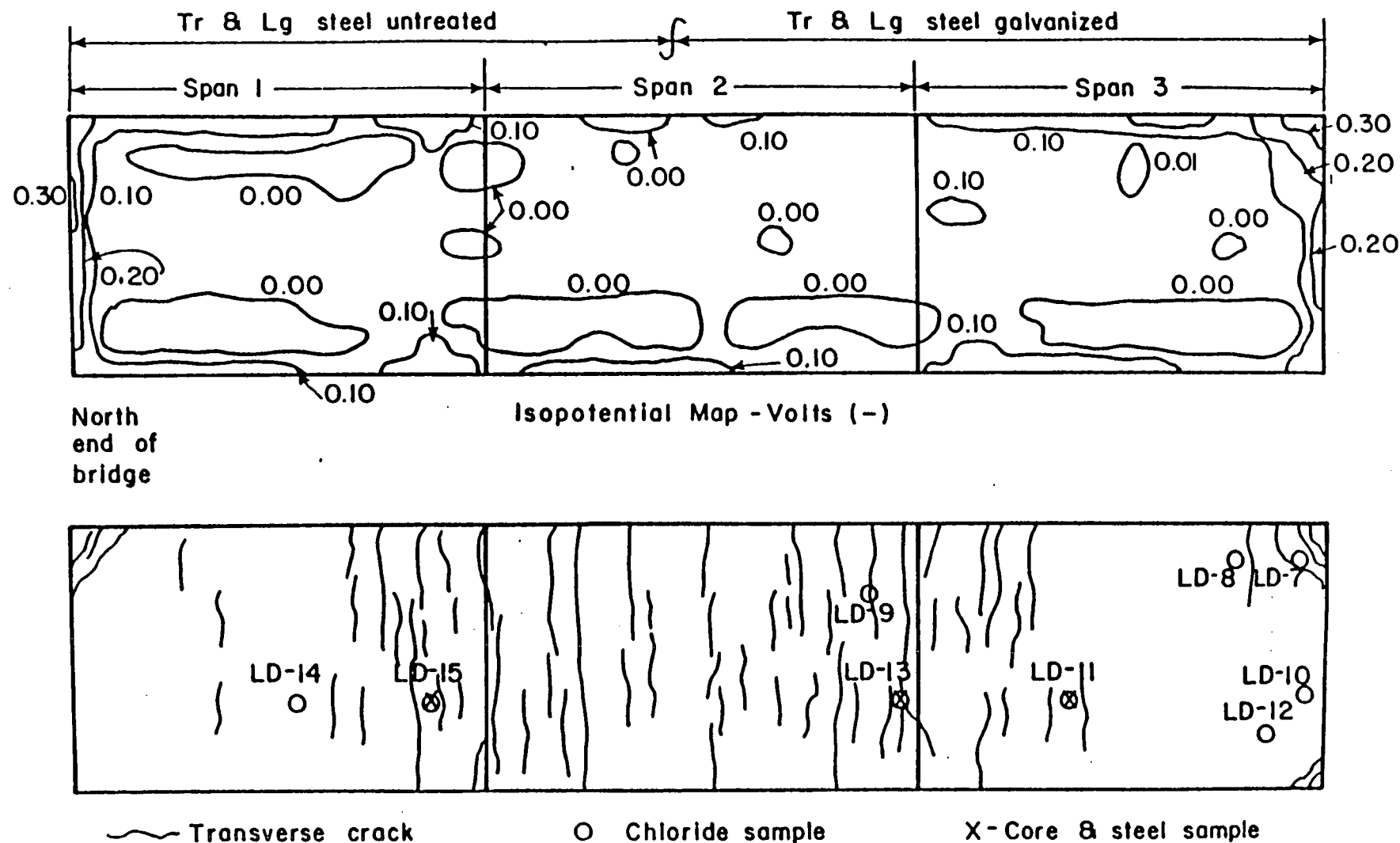


— Transverse crack

○ Chloride sample

⊗ X-Core & steel sample

**Fig. 1** Diagrams of Ames Bridge for Northbound Traffic Showing Results of Potential Measurements, Crack Survey, and Locations of Test Samples.



**Fig. 2** Diagrams of Ames Bridge for Southbound Traffic Showing Results of Potential Measurements, Crack Survey, and Locations of Test Samples.